Banca Transilvania S.A. LEI CODE: 549300RG3H390KEL8896

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at March 31, 2025

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Interim Consolidated and Separate Statement of Profit or Loss

For the three-month period ended March 31

| | | Gro | oup | Bank | | |
|--|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Notes | 31-03-2025 RON thousand | 31-03-2024 RON thousand | 31-03-2025 RON thousand | 31-03-2024 RON thousand | |
| Interest income calculated using the effective | | | | | | |
| interest method | | 2,940,835 | 2,474,027 | 2,598,668 | 2,336,933 | |
| Other interest like income | | 156,202 | 116,359 | - | 8,084 | |
| Interest expense calculated using the effective | | | | | | |
| interest method | | (1,131,754) | (1,044,603) | (1,059,405) | (1,016,830) | |
| Other interest like expense | | (3,761) | (2,805) | (4,091) | (3,455) | |
| Net interest income | 5 | 1,961,522 | 1,542,978 | 1,535,172 | 1,324,732 | |
| Fee and commission income | | 640,797 | 546,042 | 540,034 | 473,766 | |
| Fee and commission expense | | (258,512) | (208,361) | (215,383) | (177,837) | |
| Net fee and commission income | 6 | 382,285 | 337,681 | 324,651 | 295,929 | |
| Net trading income Net gain / loss (-) from financial assets measured at fair value through other items of | 7 | 244,597 | 190,861 | 183,928 | 156,523 | |
| comprehensive income Net gain / loss (-) from financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value | 8 | 3,757 | 61,884 | 3,745 | 60,673 | |
| through profit and loss Contribution to the Bank Deposit Guarantee | 9 | 42,969 | 44,223 | 63,862 | 60,228 | |
| Fund and to the Resolution Fund | 10 | (96,116) | (71,294) | (91,665) | (64,671) | |
| Other operating income | 11 | 118,903 | 109,658 | 110,029 | 76,604 | |
| Operating income | | 2,657,917 | 2,215,991 | 2,129,722 | 1,910,018 | |
| (Impairment) or reversal of impairment on financial assets not measured at fair value | | | | | | |
| through profit or loss | 12(a) | (293,231) | (7,510) | (245,936) | 42,535 | |
| Other Provisions and reversal of provisions | 12(b) | 2,327 | 4,569 | 1,374 | 3,424 | |
| Personnel expenses | 13 | (722,071) | (579,873) | (576,793) | (482,113) | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | (136,726) | (119,284) | (111,250) | (104,195) | |
| Other operating expenses | 14 | (496,529) | (338,428) | (354,384) | (297,041) | |
| Operating expenses | | (1,646,230) | (1,040,526) | (1,286,989) | (837,390) | |
| Bargain gain | | - | 132,690 | - | - | |
| Profit before income tax | | 1,011,687 | 1,308,155 | 842,733 | 1,072,628 | |
| Income tax expense (-) | 15 | (134,651) | (175,748) | (86,447) | (159,388) | |
| Net profit for the period | | 877,036 | 1,132,407 | 756,286 | 913,240 | |
| Net Profit of the Group attributable to: | | | | | | |
| Equity holders of the Bank | | 857,760 | 1,051,941 | - | - | |
| Non-controlling interests | | 19,276 | 80,466 | - | | |
| Net Profit for the period | | 877,036 | 1,132,407 | 756,286 | 913,240 | |
| Basic earnings per share | | 0.7882 | 0.9657 | _ | | |
| Diluted earnings per share | | 0.7882 | 0.9675 | - | | |

Interim Consolidated and Separate Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the three-month period ended March 31

| | | Gro | oup | Bank | | | |
|---|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Notes | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | | |
| | | RON thousand | RON thousand | RON thousand | RON thousand | | |
| Net Profit for the year | | 877,036 | 1,132,407 | 756,286 | 913,240 | | |
| Items which are or may be reclassified to profit or loss Fair value reserve (financial assets measured at fair value through other | | 167,108 | 47,604 | 169,913 | 34,878 | | |
| <i>items of comprehensive income), of which:</i> Net loss (-) / gain from disposal of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of | | 204,572 | 46,102 | 202,377 | 42,056 | | |
| comprehensive income, transferred to profit or loss account Fair value changes of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | | (3,757) | (61,884) | (3,745) | (60,673) | | |
| income Translation of financial information of foreign | | 208,329 | 107,986 | 206,122 | - | | |
| operations to presentation currency Income tax on items which are or may be | | (5,112) | 10,176 | (34) | 48 | | |
| reclassified to profit or loss | - | (32,352) | (8,674) | (32,430) | (7,226) | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | - | 1,044,144 | 1,180,011 | 926,199 | 948,118 | | |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | | | | | | |
| Equity holders of the Bank | | 1,024,868 | 1,099,545 | - | - | | |
| Non-controlling interest | - | 19,276 | 80,466 | - | - | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | = | 1,044,144 | 1,180,011 | 926,199 | 948,118 | | |

The interim condensed consolidated and separate financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on May 14, 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

Ömer TETIK Chief Executive Officer George CĂLINESCU Deputy Chief Executive Officer - CFO

Interim Consolidated and Separate Statement of Financial Position

| | | Gro | up | Bank | | | |
|--|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | Notes | 31-03-2025 RON | 31-12-2024 RON | 31-03-2025 RON | 31-12-2024 RON | | |
| Assets | | thousand | thousand | thousand | thousand | | |
| Cash and current accounts with | | | | | | | |
| Central Banks | 16 | 23,874,003 | 21,950,170 | 21,563,541 | 16,908,360 | | |
| Derivatives | 10 | 138,824 | 173,030 | 138,824 | 155,572 | | |
| Financial assets held for trading Financial assets which are required | 18 | 411,584 | 389,817 | 18,160 | 17,833 | | |
| to be measured at fair value through | | | | | | | |
| profit or loss | 18 | 1,468,698 | 1,469,014 | 2,074,873 | 2,015,434 | | |
| Financial assets measured at fair | 10 | 1,400,090 | 1,409,014 | 2,0/4,0/5 | 2,010,404 | | |
| value through other items of | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive income | 21 | 43,122,535 | 43,977,335 | 42,474,469 | 43,151,498 | | |
| - of which pledged securities (repo | | | | | | | |
| agreements) | | 1,358,595 | 162,603 | 1,358,595 | 162,603 | | |
| Financial assets at amortized cost - | | | | | | | |
| of which: | | 128,075,652 | 129,222,934 | 126,131,252 | 116,391,887 | | |
| - Placements with banks and public institutions | 17 | 0.0=4.000 | | ==+0.600 | | | |
| - | 17 | 8,874,808 | 13,714,870 | 7,748,689 | 13,612,057 | | |
| - Loans and advances to customers | 19 | 92,153,962 | 90,779,626 | 93,417,338 | 81,389,989 | | |
| - Debt instruments | 21 | 24,742,038 | 22,401,071 | 22,834,008 | 19,376,763 | | |
| - of which pledged debt | | | | | | | |
| instruments (repo agreements) | | 70,954 | 38,872 | 70,954 | - | | |
| - Other financial assets | 22 | 2,304,844 | 2,327,367 | 2,131,217 | 2,013,078 | | |
| Finance lease receivables | 20 | 5,598,084 | 5,590,236 | - | - | | |
| Investments in subsidiaries | | 23,163 | 23,315 | 1,178,449 | 2,644,703 | | |
| Investment in associates | | - | - | - | - | | |
| Property and equipment and | | | | | | | |
| investment property | | 1,645,871 | 1,655,373 | 1,179,324 | 829,734 | | |
| Intangible assets | | 947,249 | 973,222 | 761,832 | 747,305 | | |
| Goodwill | | 156,917 | 156,915 | - | - | | |
| Right-of-use assets | | 565,872 | 586,634 | 540,452 | 769,195 | | |
| Current tax receivables | | - | - | - | - | | |
| Deferred tax assets | | 402,360 | 462,239 | 378,610 | 388,277 | | |
| Other non-financial assets | 23 | 377,198 | 405,244 | 252,784 | 244,114 | | |
| Total assets | | 206,808,010 | 207,035,478 | 196,692,570 | 184,263,912 | | |

Interim Consolidated and Separate Statement of Financial Position (continued)

| | Notes | Gro | սթ | Ban | ık |
|---|----------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Liabilities | | 31-03-2025 RON theorem d | 31-12-2024 RON | 31-03-2025 RON | 31-12-2024 RON |
| Derivatives | | thousand | thousand | thousand | thousand |
| | | 174,127 | 235,322 | 174,490 | 235,283 |
| Deposits from banks Deposits from customers | 24 25 | 502,637 165,435,051 | 951,155 167,869,266 | 515,925 160,121,200 | 1,173,778 150,785,254 |
| Loans from banks and other | 25 | 105,435,051 | 10/,809,200 | 100,121,200 | 150,/05,254 |
| financial institutions | 26 | 13,494,889 | 12,237,716 | 12,615,760 | 11,209,491 |
| Subordinated liabilities | 27 | 2,579,413 | 2,530,535 | 2,451,805 | 2,405,137 |
| Lease liabilities | , | 589,248 | 617,498 | 565,191 | 747,857 |
| Other financial liabilities | 29 | 4,380,577 | 3,767,710 | 3,536,325 | 2,582,891 |
| Current tax liability | | 127,506 | 215,042 | 102,414 | 184,341 |
| Provisions for other risks and loan | _ | | | | |
| commitments | 28 | 756,602 | 827,438 | 654,924 | 500,112 |
| Other non-financial liabilities | 30 | 299,427 | 312,973 | 238,610 | 220,663 |
| Total liabilities excluding financial liabilities to holders | | | | | |
| of fund units | | 188,339,477 | 189,564,655 | 180,976,644 | 170,044,807 |
| Financial liabilities to holders of | = | 100,00,00,777 | 10,004,000 | 100,970,044 | 1/0,01,00/ |
| fund units | _ | 36.022 | 34,250 | - | - |
| Total liabilities | | 188,375,499 | 189,598,905 | 180,976,644 | 170,044,807 |
| Equity | - | | | | |
| Share capital | | 9,255,300 | 9,255,300 | 9,255,300 | 9,255,300 |
| Treasury shares | | (98,101) | (39,528) | (82,814) | (24,241) |
| Share premiums | | 28,110 | 32,033 | 28,614 | 28,614 |
| Retained earnings | | 8,500,264 | 7,616,536 | 6,661,990 | 5,281,983 |
| Revaluation reserves from tangible | | | <i>.</i> | | , |
| assets Reserves on financial assets | | 45,541 | 44,426 | 29,579 | 31,369 |
| measured at fair value through | | | | | |
| other items of comprehensive | | | | | |
| income | | (1,488,065) | (1,659,839) | (1,507,000) | (1,676,942) |
| Other reserves | _ | 1,371,110 | 1,368,612 | 1,330,257 | 1,323,022 |
| Total equity attributable to | | | | - | |
| equity holders of the Bank | - | 17,614,159 | 16,617,540 | 15,715,926 | 14,219,105 |
| Non-controlling interest Total equity | - | 818,352 | 819,033 | - | - |
| | - | 18,432,511 | 17,436,573 | 15,715,926 | 14,219,105 |
| Total liabilities and equity | - | 206,808,010 | 207,035,478 | 196,692,570 | 184,263,912 |

The interim condensed consolidated and separate financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on May 14, 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

Ömer TETIK Chief Executive Officer George CĂLINESCU Deputy Chief Executive Officer - CFO

Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025

| Group | | Attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | Notes | Share capital | Treasury shares | Share premiums | Revaluation reserves | Reserves from financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income | Other reserves | Retained earnings | Total attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | Non- controlling interest | Total |
| Balance as at January 01, 2025 | | 9,255,300 | (39,528) | 32,033 | 44,426 | (1,659,839) | 1,368,612 | 7,616,536 | 16,617,540 | 819,033 | 17,436,573 |
| Profit for the period Gain from fair value changes of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 857,760 | 857,760 | 19,276 | 877,036 |
| income, net of deferred tax Revaluation of property and equipment, intangible assets, net of tax | | - | - | - | - | 171,774 | - | - | 171,774 | - | 171,774 |
| Retained earnings from revaluation reserves | | - | - | - | (1,791) | - | - | 1,791 | - | - | - |
| Foreign currency translation of foreign operations | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (4,666) | (4,666) | - | (4,666) |
| Total comprehensive income for the period Contributions of/distributions to | - | - | - | - | (1,791) | 171,774 | - | 854,885 | 1,024,868 | 19,276 | 1,044,144 |
| the shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution to statutory reserves | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Acquisition of treasury shares | | - | (58,573) | - | - | - | - | | (58,573) | - | (58,573) |
| SOP 2024 Scheme Transfer of retained earnings to | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 46,660 | 46,660 | - | 46,660 |
| liabilities to holders of fund units | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (777) | (777) | - | (777) |
| Other adjustments | _ | - | - | (3,923) | 2,906 | - | 2,498 | (17,040) | (15,559) | (19,957) | (35,516) |
| Total contributions | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of/distributions to the | = | | (58,573) | (3,923) | 2,906 | - | 2,498 | 28,843 | (28,249) | (19,957) | (48,206) |
| Balance as at March 31, 2025 | = | 9,255,300 | (98,101) | 28,110 | 45,541 | (1,488,065) | 1,371,110 | 8,500,264 | 17,614,159 | 818,352 | 18,432,511 |

Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued) For the three-month period ended March 31, 2024

| Group | | Attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|------------|
| | Notes | Share capital | Treasury shares | Share premiums | Revaluation reserves | Reserves from financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | Other reserves | Retained earnings | Total attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | Non- controlling interest | Total |
| In RON thousand | | | | | | income | | | | | |
| Balance as at January 01, 2024 | | 8,073,083 | (28,269) | 31,235 | 43,839 | (1,488,214) | 1,147,889 | 5,444,429 | 13,223,992 | 672,516 | 13,896,508 |
| Profit for the period Gain from fair value changes of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income, | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,051,941 | 1,051,941 | 80,466 | 1,132,407 |
| net of deferred tax | | - | - | - | - | 38,207 | - | - | 38,207 | - | 38,207 |
| Revaluation of property and equipment, intangible assets, net of tax Retained earnings from revaluation reserves | | - | - | - | - (1,243) | - | - | - 1,243 | - | - | - |
| Foreign currency translation of foreign operations | | - | - | - | | - | - | 9,397 | 9,397 | - | 9,397 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period Contributions of/distributions to the shareholders | • | - | _ | _ | (1,243) | 38,207 | - | 1,062,581 | 1,099,545 | 80,466 | 1,180,011 |
| Distribution to statutory reserves | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Acquisition of treasury shares | | - | (33,846) | - | - | - | - | - | (33,846) | - | (33,846) |
| SOP 2023 Scheme | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 36,086 | 36,086 | - | 36,086 |
| Transfer of retained earnings to liabilities to holders of fund units | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 909 | 909 | - | 909 |
| Other adjustments | - | - | - | - | 13 | - | (2) | 746 | 757 | 10,342 | 11,099 |
| Total contributions | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of/distributions to the | - | - | (33,846) | - | 13 | - | (2) | 37,741 | 3,906 | 10,342 | 14,248 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2024 | = | 8,073,083 | (62,115) | 31,235 | 42,609 | (1,450,007) | 1,147,887 | 6,544,751 | 14,327,443 | 763,324 | 15,090,767 |

Interim Separate Statement of Changes in Equity (continued)

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025

| Bank | Attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| In RON thousand | Notes | Share capital | Treasury shares | Share premiums | Revaluation reserves | Reserves from financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income | Other reserves | Retained earnings | Total | | |
| Balance as at January 01, 2025 | | 9,255,300 | (24,241) | 28,614 | 31,369 | (1,676,942) | 1,323,022 | 5,281,983 | 14,219,105 | | |
| Profit for the period Gain from fair value changes of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 756,286 | 756,286 | | |
| comprehensive income, net of deferred tax | | - | - | - | - | 169,942 | - | - | 169,942 | | |
| Retained earnings from revaluation reserves | | - | - | - | (1,790) | - | - | 1,790 | - | | |
| Other items of comprehensive income, net of tax | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (29) | (29) | | |
| Statement of comprehensive income for the period | | | - | - | (1,790) | 169,942 | - | 758,047 | 926,199 | | |
| Contributions of/distributions to the shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of treasury shares | | - | (58,573) | - | - | - | - | - | (58,573) | | |
| SOP 2024 Scheme | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 46,660 | 46,660 | | |
| Other adjustments | | - | - | - | - | - | 7,235 | 575,300 | 582,535 | | |
| Total contributions of/distributions to the shareholders | | | (58,573) | - | - | - | 7,235 | 621,960 | 570,622 | | |
| Balance as at March 31, 2025 | | 9,255,300 | (82,814) | 28,614 | 29,579 | (1,507,000) | 1,330,257 | 6,661,990 | 15,715,926 | | |

Interim Separate Statement of Changes in Equity (continued)

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2024

| Bank |
|------|
|------|

| Bank | | Attributable to the equity holders of the Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------|----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| In RON thousand | Notes Share capital | Treasury shares | Share premiums | Revaluation reserves | Reserves from financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income | Other reserves | Retained earnings | Total | | | | |
| Balance as at January 01, 2024 | 8,073,083 | (12,982) | 28,614 | 28,738 | (1,498,237) | 1,115,023 | 4,095,127 | 11,829,366 | | | | |
| Profit for the period Gain from fair value changes of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of | - | - | - | - | - | - | 913,240 | 913,240 | | | | |
| comprehensive income, net of deferred tax | - | - | - | - | 34,837 | - | - | 34,837 | | | | |
| Retained earnings from revaluation reserves | - | - | - | (1,243) | - | - | 1,243 | - | | | | |
| Other items of comprehensive income, net of tax Statement of comprehensive income for the | | - | - | - | - | - | 41 | 41 | | | | |
| period | - | - | - | (1,243) | 34,837 | - | 914,524 | 948,118 | | | | |
| Contributions of/distributions to the shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of treasury shares | - | (33,846) | - | - | - | - | - | (33,846) | | | | |
| SOP 2023 Scheme | | - | - | - | - | - | 36,086 | 36,086 | | | | |
| Total contributions of/distributions to the shareholders | | (33,846) | - | - | - | - | 36,086 | 2,240 | | | | |
| Balance as at March 31, 2024 | 8,073,083 | (46,828) | 28,614 | 27,495 | (1,463,400) | 1,115,023 | 5,045,737 | 12,779,724 | | | | |

Interim Consolidated and Separate Statement of Cash Flows

For the three-month period ended March 31

| | | Gro | oup | Bank | | |
|---|-------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| In RON thousand | Notes | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | |
| <i>Cash-flow from operating activities</i> Profit for the year | | 9 0.0(| | (-9(| | |
| Adjustments for: | | 877,036 | 1,132,407 | 756,286 | 913,240 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | | | | |
| Impairment allowance, expected losses and write- | | 136,726 | 119,284 | 111,250 | 104,195 | |
| offs of financial assets, provisions for other risks | | | | | | |
| and loan commitments Adjustment of financial assets at fair value | | 322,336 | 42,580 | 270,472 | (8,988) | |
| through profit or loss | | (42,969) | (44,223) | (63,862) | (60,228) | |
| Income tax expense | | 134,651 | 175,748 | 86,447 | 159,388 | |
| Interest income | | (3,097,037) | (2,590,386) | (2,598,668) | (2,345,017) | |
| Interest expense | | 1,135,515 | 1,047,408 | 1,063,496 | 1,020,285 | |
| Other adjustments | | (280,648) | 38,640 | (222,078) | 63,037 | |
| Net profit adjusted with non-monetary elements | | (814,390) | (78,542) | (596,657) | (154,088) | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | | | | | |
| Change in financial assets at amortized cost and | | | | | <i>.</i> | |
| placements with banks | | 2,669,453 | (4,691,261) | (1,677,863) | (4,039,438) | |
| Change in loans and advances to customers | | (1,692,397) | (1,315,847) | (1,997,047) | (1,008,744) | |
| Change in finance lease receivables Change in financial assets at fair value through | | 33,189 | (212,302) | - | - | |
| profit or loss | | 43,285 | 1,835 | 53,976 | 1,466 | |
| Change in financial assets held for trading and | | | | | | |
| measured at fair value through profit or loss - derivatives | | 34,206 | (3,794) | 19,147 | (3,794) | |
| Change in equity instruments | | (15,154) | (6,158) | (327) | (1,072) | |
| Changes in debt instruments | | (6,613) | (650) | (3-/) | (1,0/2) | |
| Change in other financial assets | | 35,673 | (523,398) | 1,898,144 | (506,369) | |
| Change in other assets | | (28,672) | (26,100) | (15,788) | (41,442) | |
| Change in deposits from customers | | (2,449,636) | 3,089,150 | (1,164,769) | 2,478,692 | |
| Change in deposits from banks | | (448,429) | (499,929) | (657,667) | (538,923) | |
| Change in financial liabilities held-for-trading | | (61,195) | 27,669 | (61,898) | 27,669 | |
| Change in repo operations | | 1,193,522 | 331,637 | 1,232,162 | 331,637 | |
| Change in other financial liabilities | | 612,347 | 2,162,070 | 889,504 | 2,285,131 | |
| Change in other liabilities | | (97,477) | 71,652 | (123,008) | 68,454 | |
| Income tax (paid)/recovered | | (202,841) | (152,623) | (183,653) | (140,074) | |
| Interest received | | 2,464,570 | 1,925,696 | 1,905,781 | 1,699,704 | |
| Interest paid | | (877,570) | (775,126) | (943,386) | (764,824) | |
| Net cash-flow from operating activities | - | 391,871 | (676,021) | (1,423,349) | (306,015) | |

Interim Consolidated and Separate Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the three-month period ended March 31

| | | Group | | Bank | | |
|---|-------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| In RON thousand | Notes | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | |
| Cash-flow used in investment activities Acquisition of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income Sale/redemption of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | | (2,664,296) | (3,840,866) | (2,646,943) | (3,509,941) | |
| income | | 3,637,519 | 4,316,483 | 3,439,016 | 4,057,478 | |
| Net acquisitions of property and equipment | | (36,951) | (24,007) | (27,448) | (15,445) | |
| Net acquisitions intangible assets | | (31,850) | (39,552) | (32,425) | (30,821) | |
| Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment | | (4,676) | 315 | 461 | 823 | |
| Acquisitions of equity investments | | - | 211,057 | (191,424) | - | |
| Dividends collected | | - | - | 16,921 | - | |
| Interest received | _ | 481,130 | 324,201 | 474,628 | 322,719 | |
| Net cash-flow used in investment activities | _ | 1,380,876 | 947,631 | 1,032,786 | 824,813 | |
| Cash-flow from financing activities Gross proceeds from loans from banks and other financial institutions Gross payments from loans from banks and other financial institutions Gross payments from subordinated loans from banks and other financial institutions | | 5,010 (95,058) - | 270,997 (115,576) (12,424) | - (17,336) - | - (31,679) - | |
| Payment of the principal of the lease liabilities | | (41,084) | (40,341) | (41,226) | (41,798) | |
| Dividend payments | | (141) | (312) | (141) | (312) | |
| Payments for treasury shares | | (58,573) | - | (58,573) | (33,846) | |
| Interest paid | _ | (10,433) | (26,105) | (433) | (15,094) | |
| Net cash-flow from / (used in) financing activities | _ | (200,279) | 76,239 | (117,709) | (122,729) | |
| | Notes | Gro | - | Bai | | |
| In RON thousand Cash and cash equivalents at January 1 | | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 26 122 271 | 31-03-2025 28 210 616 | 31-03-2024 22 750 204 | |

| | 1.0000 | 610 | սսբ | Dalik | | |
|--|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| In RON thousand | | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at January 1 | | 30,548,644 | 36,122,371 | 28,210,616 | 32,750,294 | |
| The impact of exchange rate variations on cash | | | | | | |
| and cash equivalents | | 31,892 | 35,815 | (34,374) | 34,038 | |
| Net increase/decrease (-) in cash and cash | | | | | | |
| equivalents | | 1,540,576 | 312,034 | (473,898) | 362,031 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at March 31 | 16 | 32,121,112 | 36,470,220 | 27,702,344 | 33,146,363 | |
| | | | | | | |

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation

a) Reporting entity

Banca Transilvania S.A.

Banca Transilvania S.A. (the "Parent company", "BT") is a joint-stock company incorporated in Romania. The Bank started its activity as a banking institution in 1993 and is licensed by the National Bank of Romania ("BNR", the "Central Bank") to conduct banking activities. The Bank started its activity in 1994 and its main operations involve banking services for legal entities and individuals. Banca Transilvania Group (the "Group") includes the Parent company and its subsidiaries, based in Romania and in the Republic of Moldova. The consolidated and separate financial statements as at March 31, 2025 comprise the Parent company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Group").

The Group's fields of activity are: banking through Banca Transilvania S.A., Victoriabank S.A. and Salt Bank S.A., leasing and consumer finance mainly through BT Leasing Transilvania IFN S.A., Avant Leasing IFN S.A., BT Direct IFN S.A., BT Microfinanțare IFN S.A. and BT Leasing MD S.R.L., asset management through BT Asset Management S.A.I. S.A. and OTP Asset Management S.A.I. S.A., brokerage and investments through BT Capital Partners S.A. and pension funds management BT Pensii S.A.. Additionally, the Bank also has control over two investment funds it consolidates and it is associated in SINTEZA S.A. with a holding percentage of 31.09%.

The Bank carries out its banking activity through its head office located in Cluj-Napoca and 42 branches, 476 agencies, 3 work units, 8 healthcare division units, 2 private banking agencies in Romania, 1 branch in Italy and 1 regional office located in Bucharest and 1 Head Office located in Bucharest (2024: one head office located in Cluj-Napoca and 42 branches, 457 agencies, 3 work units, 8 healthcare division units, 2 private banking agencies in Romania, 1 branch in Italy and 1 regional office located in Bucharest in Romania, 1 branch in Italy and 1 regional office located in Bucharest in Romania, 1 branch in Italy and 1 regional office located in Bucharest.

The Group's number of active employees as at March 31, 2025 was 12,912 (2024: 13,629 employees).

The Bank's number of active employees as at March 31, 2025 was 10,321 (2024: 9,744 employees).

The registered address of the Bank is 30-36 Calea Dorobanților, Cluj-Napoca, Romania.

The ownership structure of the Bank is presented below:

| | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
|---|------------|------------|
| NN Group (*) | 9.37% | 9.36% |
| The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development ("EBRD") | 5.16% | 6.87% |
| Romanian individuals | 24.52% | 22.43% |
| Romanian companies | 45.48% | 45.16% |
| Foreign individuals | 1.12% | 1.07% |
| Foreign companies | 14.35% | 15.11% |
| Total | 100% | 100% |

(*) NN Group N.V. and the pension funds managed by NN Pensii SAFPAP S.A. and NN Asigurări de Viață S.A..

The Bank's shares are listed on the Bucharest Stock Exchange and are traded under the ticker TLV.

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

a) Reporting entity (continued)

The Group's subsidiaries are represented by the following entities:

| The Group's subsidiaries are represented | nted by the following entities: | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| | | Percentage of direct and indirect stake March 31, | Percentage of direct and indirect stake December 31, |
| Subsidiary | Field of activity | 2025 | 2024 |
| | Financial and banking activities and investments subject to | _~_3 | |
| Victoriabank S.A. | license Financial and banking activities and investments subject to | 44.63% | 44.63% |
| BCR Chisinau S.A. | license | 0% | 44.63% |
| BT Capital Partners S.A. | Investments | 99.62% | 99.62% |
| BT Leasing Transilvania IFN S.A. | Leasing | 100% | 100% |
| BT Investments S.R.L. | Investments | 100% | 100% |
| BT Direct IFN S.A. | Consumer loans | 100% | 100% |
| BT Building S.R.L. | Investments | 0% | 100% |
| BT Asset Management SAI S.A. | Asset management | 100% | 100% |
| BT Solution Asistenta in Brokeraj S.R.L. | Insurance broker | 0% | 100% |
| BT Asiom Agent de Asigurare S.R.L. | Insurance broker | 0% | 100% |
| BT Safe Agent de Asigurare S.R.L. | Insurance broker | 0% | 100% |
| BT Intermedieri Agent de Asigurare S.R.L. | Insurance broker | 0% | 100% |
| BT Leasing MD S.R.L. | Leasing | 100% | 100% |
| BT Microfinanțare IFN S.A. | Consumer loans | 100% | 100% |
| | Activities of collection agents and | 100/0 | 100/0 |
| Improvement Credit Collection S.R.L. | Credit reporting bureaus | 100% | 100% |
| VB Investment Holding B.V. | Activities of holdings | 61.82% | 61.82% |
| | Activities of pension funds | | |
| | (except those in the public social | | |
| BT Pensii S.A. | security system) | 100% | 100% |
| Salt Bank S.A. | Financial and banking activities | 100% | 100% |
| Avant Leasing IFN S.A. | Financial leasing | 100% | 100% |
| BT Broker de Asigurare S.R.L. | Insurance broker | 100% | 100% |
| | Custom software development | | |
| Code Crafters by BT S.R.L. | activities | 100% | 100% |
| | Renting and subletting of own or | | |
| BTP One S.R.L. | rented real estate | 99.53% | 99.53% |
| | Renting and subletting of own or | <i>,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | <i>,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| BTP Retail S.R.L. | rented real estate | 99.53% | 99.53% |
| | Renting and subletting of own or | <i>,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | <i>,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| BTP Store Hub Turda S.R.L. | rented real estate | 99.53% | 99.53% |
| | Renting and subletting of own or | ,, | ,, |
| BTP Store Hub Oradea S.R.L. | rented real estate | 99.53% | 99.53% |
| OTP Bank Romania S.A. | Financial and banking activities | 0% | 100% |
| off Bank Romana 5.21. | Buying and selling of own real | 070 | 100/0 |
| Inter Terra S.R.L. | estate | 99.53% | 99.53% |
| | Other activities auxiliary to | 99 · 00/0 | 99.00/0 |
| | financial services, except | | |
| OTP Advisors S.R.L. | insurance and pension funding | 0% | 100% |
| OTP Factoring S.R.L. | Other financial intermediation | 100% | 100% |
| REA Project One Company S.R.L. | Real estate development | 100% | 100% |
| GOVCKA Project Company S.R.L. | Real estate development | 100% | 100% |
| 22. Starrojeet company bitus | Other activities auxiliary to | 100/0 | 100/0 |
| | financial services, except | | |
| OTP Consulting Romania S.R.L. | insurance and pension funding | 0% | 100% |
| OTP Asset Management SAI S.A. | Asset management | 100% | 100% |
| | | 100/0 | 100/0 |

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

a) Reporting entity (continued)

Based on materially concept as defined in paragraph 7 of IAS 1, the Group has decided to exclude several subsidiaries from the consolidation perimeter, as their exclusion is not expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements. The decision to exclude them from consolidation is based on an assessment of both quantitative and qualitative factors, which included the size of the subsidiaries and their non-material impact on the Group as a whole.

As at March 31, 2025 the list of excluded subsidiaries from the consolidation perimeter and the reasons for their exclusion is shown below:

| Subsidiary | reasons for exclusion |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Code Crafters by BT S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BTP Retail S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BTP Store Hub Oradea S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| OTP Factoring S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| REA Project One Company S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| GOVCKA Project Company S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| Sinteza (associate) | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |

As at December 31, 2024 the list of excluded subsidiaries from the consolidation perimeter and the reasons for their exclusion is shown below:

| Subsidiary | reasons for exclusion |
|---|--|
| Code Crafters by BT S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BTP Retail S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BTP Store Hub Oradea S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BT Intermedieri Agent de Asigurare S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BT Asiom Agent de Asigurare S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BT Solution Asistent in Brokeraj S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| BT Safe Agent de Asigurare S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| REA Project One Company S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| OTP Factoring S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| GOVCKA Project Company S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| OTP Advisors S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| OTP Consulting Romania S.R.L. | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |
| Sinteza (associate) | no significant assets or liabilities, expenses or revenues |

In addition to the qualitative factors, namely nature of activity of excluded subsidiaries, future plans of the Group to centralize their activity in other bigger subsidiaries, the potential impact of the exclusion of subsidiaries on the consolidated financial statements is performed based on quantitative factors like assets, liabilities, net profit, expenses and revenues. At December 31, 2024 an assessment was performed on an entity-by-entity base and an additional analysis is conducted on the potential impact of total excluded subsidiaries in total figures of the Group, as shown in the table below:

| | RON thousand |
|---|--------------|
| total assets of excluded subsidiaries | 9,471 |
| % of total assets of excluded subsidiaries in total assets of the Group | 0.01% |
| Total liabilities of excluded subsidiaries | 16,315 |
| % of total liabilities of excluded subsidiaries in total liabilities of the Group | 0.01% |
| P&L of excluded subsidiaries | 4,857 |
| % of total P&L of excluded subsidiaries in total P&L of the Group | 0.10% |
| Total expenses of excluded subsidiaries | 56,391 |
| % of total expenses of excluded subsidiaries in total expenses of the Group | 0.04% |
| Total revenues of excluded subsidiaries | 61,248 |
| % of total revenues of excluded subsidiaries in total revenues of the Group | 0.04% |

The exclusion of these subsidiaries does not materially affect the Group's consolidated financial position, financial performance, cash flows or other elements of the consolidated financial statements. This information is evaluated annually, or when significant changes occur that impact the initial analysis. As at March 31, 2025, there was no information indicating that the analysis carried out on December 31, 2024 is no longer relevant.

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

b) Declaration of conformity

The interim consolidated and separate statement of the Group and the Bank have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the European Union, effective as at the Group's and Bank's interim reporting date, March 31, 2025.

They do not include all the information required for a complete set of financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard ("IFRS") endorsed by the European Union. However, certain notes are included in order to explain the events and transactions that are significant in order to understand the changes in the Group's and the Bank's financial position and performance as of the last annual separate and consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Financial information for the periods ended at March 31, are not audited nor revised.

c) Basis of measurement

The interim consolidated and separate financial statement were prepared on historical cost basis, except for the financial instruments recognized at fair value through profit or loss, the financial instruments at fair value through other items of comprehensive income and the revaluation of property and equipment and investment property.

d) Functional and presentation currency - "RON"

The items included in the financial statement of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The functional currency of the entities within the Group is the Romanian leu "RON", euro ("EUR") and the Moldovan leu ("MDL"). The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Romanian lei "RON", rounded to the nearest thousand.

The exchange rates for the major foreign currencies were:

e) Use of estimates and judgements

| Currency | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | Variation % |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Euro (EUR) | 1: RON 4.9771 | 1: RON 4.9741 | 0.06 % |
| American dollar (USD) | 1: RON 4.6005 | 1: RON 4.7768 | -3.69 % |

The preparation of the interim consolidated and separate statement in accordance with the IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", as endorsed by the European Union implies that the management uses estimations and judgements that affect the application of accounting policies, as well as the reported value of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical data and various other factors that are believed to be relevant under the given circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of the judgements used in assessing the carrying value of the assets and liabilities for which no other evaluation sources are available. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The review of the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is reviewed, if the review affects only that period, or in the period of the review and future periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

The Group and the Bank make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are considered to be reasonable under the given circumstances.

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

e) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

(i) Impairment losses on loans and advances to customers

The Group and the Bank are frequently reviewing (mostly monthly) the loan and finance lease receivables portfolio in order to assess the impairment. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded, the Group and the Bank make judgments as to whether there is any observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows related to a portfolio of loans and finance lease, before such decrease can be identified with respect to an individual loan/lease investment in that portfolio. For example, the observable data might be the unfavorable changes in the payment behavior of certain debtors within a group or in the economic, national or local circumstances, which correlate with default incidents affecting the debtors' group.

When scheduling future cash flows, the management uses estimates based on the past experience related to losses from loans with similar risk characteristics. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any gaps between estimated losses and actual losses, but also to assess the effects of the local financial market uncertainties on the valuation of assets and the debtors' operating environment.

The loan loss estimation considers the visible effects of the current and future expected market conditions on the individual/collective assessment of expected credit losses on loans and advances to customers. Hence, the Group and the Bank have estimated the expected credit losses for loans and advances to customers and receivables from finance lease based on the internal methodology and assessed that no further expected credit losses is required except as already provided for in the consolidated and separate financial statements.

Individually significant assets are assessed and monitored individually, regardless of the stage allocation, determined using the automated criteria. Thus, a specialized team of experts uses professional judgement to assess the unlikeliness to pay and determine the scenarios used to compute the ECL. The three-stage expected credit loss impairment model in IFRS 9 depends on whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly, the impairment charge equals the expected credit losses resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (stage 1). If the credit risk has increased significantly, the loan is more than 30 days past due, or the loan is in default or otherwise impaired, the impairment charge equals the lifetime expected credit losses (stage 2 and 3).

In determining the impairment for expected credit losses, management incorporates forwardlooking information, exercises judgement and uses estimates and assumptions. The estimation of expected credit losses involves forecasting future economic conditions over 3 years.

The macroeconomic scenarios developed reflect a macroeconomic environment with uncertainties and risks for the population and economic agents characterized by the persistence of geopolitical tensions, disruptions in the supply chain, labor shortages corroborated with tightening of financial conditions and maintaining an elevated level of inflation, being exacerbated by the war in Ukraine, to which is added the conflict in the Middle East, concluding in new challenges that affect the economic and business activity.

Although recent efforts to combat inflation are showing signs of success, the risks brought to light by supply chain disruptions, rewiring of trade relationships, along with significantly increased financing costs (interest rates) and tighter financial conditions, represents key aspects to monitor in a macroeconomic environment marked by volatility and uncertainties. Furthermore, the fiscal outlook for the following years may have a negative effect on inflation keeping prices high, eroding the purchasing power of households.

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

e) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

(i) Impairment losses on loans and advances to customers (continued)

The Group and the Bank have drawn up historical analyzes and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit losses for each portfolio. The opinion of an expert was also taken into account in this process.

Given the aforementioned macroeconomic context, the Group and the Bank continue to apply their own value judgments using a series of post-model adjustments related to macroeconomic risks specific to certain industries that have been heavily impacted by supply chain disruptions, pedological drought, rising energy costs classified as sensitive sectors, in order to adopt a conservative position in line with the expectations communicated by banking supervisory authorities.

The Group and the Bank continually review the assumptions on post-model adjustments related to macroeconomic risks specific to certain industries. The revision aims to evaluate whether corrective measures are necessary, either to eliminate or introduce new sensitive sectors. In the first quarter of 2024, changes were made to the post-model adjustments scheme to align it with the current impact of macroeconomic events and the existing internal models.

The geopolitical tensions will slow down the economic growth and it is difficult to estimate the impact of these events on the future business of the Group's customers. The process of identifying the potential effect on the Romanian economy is ongoing and estimating the effect of the military conflicts on the economic environment will be a continuous challenge. The Bank remains vigilant in monitoring geopolitical and economic relations. Also, we analyzed those product portfolios with high associated credit risk and the typologies that could be affected to some extent by the military conflicts; but given that the Group and the Bank do not have significant direct exposure in the belligerent countries, no significant action was taken on that specific post-model adjustments.

Another main consideration of the introduction and maintaining the post-model adjustments is the fact that the prediction of internal rating assessment models can be affected by aid measures provided by governments, the latter preventing the occurrence of non-payment events at the level of debtors who, otherwise, would have faced difficulties in servicing debts to various creditors.

The amount of post model adjustments applied is representing 21.17% of total ECL (21.80% in December 2024) considering:

- expectation related to sensitive industries and high-risk products;
- expectations for default rates increase considering high inflation and increased interest (professional judgement);
- expert individual analysis of significant exposures, performed to reflect and better understand the situations and difficulties faced by borrowers that could affect their ability to meet their obligations watch list exposures have been transferred from stage 1 to stage 2 and ECL volume has been adjusted to ensure sufficient impairment coverage.

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

e) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

(i) Impairment losses on loans and advances to customers (continued)

In the context of negative evolution of inflation and interest rates, as well as the political and macroeconomic context conflict, financial markets have been moderately volatile, generating short-term challenges in cash-flow management and also variations in mark to market. The Group and the Bank stands on a comfortable position of liquidity, therefore the market disruptions didn't seriously affected them.

The financial instruments measured at fair value of the Group and the Bank consist of bonds, equities, collective investment units and derivatives, whose valuation was affected by market volatilities, reserves registering a upward trend, but remaining in the negative zone. The most significant part of the trading book is represented by bonds, of which the majority are kept at fair value through other comprehensive income, thus allowing that market-to-market impact to be observable in other comprehensive income and not in Consolidated and Separate Statement of Profit or Loss.

At the same time, the Group and the Bank hold, outside the trading portfolio (the banking portfolio), financial instruments (securities) held mainly for liquidity purposes and as a source of collateral for Lombard and stand-by facilities, as well as to ensure a secure source of income.

(ii) Risk provisions for abusive clauses and litigation

The provision for abusive clauses is an estimated amount for potential litigations facing the Bank derived from the retail credit contracts inherited following the mergers performed. The provision is periodically reviewed by the Bank by incorporating historical data regarding new litigations in the last years and the loss probability for such cases. The last review for abusive clauses provision has been performed as of December 31, 2024 when the Bank adjusted the provision based on the trend of such new litigations and the probability loss estimated at this date.

(iii) Other significant litigation

The Bank's subsidiary, Victoriabank S.A., was notified on July 6, 2020 that it is being investigated in a case instrumented by the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Moldova, and on August 6, 2020, a precautionary seizure was placed on some of the subsidiary's assets. In order to cover the claims in the file - amounting to approximately RON 482 million in equivalent.

Given the nature of the case and the legal limitations related to the investigation, the Bank and its subsidiary possesses limited information about this case, by also considering the lawyers' analysis of the content of the indictment related to these investigations. Given the stage of the investigation, that relates to a period before the Bank was a shareholder of the subsidiary, the Bank and the Group did not recognize a provision for this case, but will monitor the evolution of the topic at each reporting date, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the accounting regulations.

For other significant litigation and regulatory enforcement matters, the Group believes the possibility of an outflow of funds is more than remote but less than probable but the amount is not reliably estimable, and accordingly such matters are not included in the contingent liability estimates.

1. Reporting entity and basis of preparation (continued)

e) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

(iv) New classification by economic sectors used in financial reporting

Starting January 1, 2025, the Group and the Bank have implemented the amendment of the CAEN codes according to Government Decision no. 284/2025, which transposes into Romanian law the new version of the classification of economic activities – CAEN Rev. 3, aligned with NACE Rev. 2.1. This change led to the restructuring of the economic sectors used in consolidated and separate financial statements, their number increasing, as a result of a more detailed presentation of the economic sectors.

The new classification is used in all analyses and presentations by economic sectors in the consolidated and separate financial statements, including:

- analysis of credit risk exposures
- presentation of loan portfolio concentration and expected losses
- presentation of the structure of deposits attracted from customers by business segment, where relevant for the analysis of financing risks.

The comparative data for 2024 are presented according to the previous structure, without retroactive adjustments, reported based on the CAEN Rev. 2 classification, valid as at the reporting data. In accordance with IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements, the Group and the Bank have assessed the change in the classification of presentations and have considered that comparative information will be presented in accordance with the previous structure, without retrospective adjustments. The change did not have a material impact on accounting estimates and the classification of exposures, but this impacted the presentation of information in the explanatory notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements.

f) Reflection of the merger by absorption in the financial statements

The mergers between Banca Transilvania S.A. and OTP Bank Romania S.A. and Banca Transilvania S.A. and BT Building S.R.L. were successfully completed on February 28, 2025.

The shareholders of Banca Transilvania S.A. approved these mergers at the Extraordinary General Meeting as of December 18, 2024.

The integration process began in August 2024, the merger being carried out quickly, in just seven months, thanks to the efficient collaboration between the teams of the two banks.

Following the merger, Banca Transilvania S.A. consolidated its leading position on the Romanian banking market, reaching a market share of 22.31%. The merger has brought significant benefits to both banks' customers, giving them access to an extensive ecosystem of banking and complementary solutions.

In the absence of the specific requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standards for legal mergers by absorption, the Bank has opted to present the carrying amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the assumed liabilities taken over in the individual financial statements at the date of the legal merger, February 28, 2025, after their initial recognition at fair value at the date of obtaining control, respectively July 30, 2024.

The merger was carried out based on the following principles:

- the Bank's assets and liabilities are aggregated in the financial statement as follows: 100% of the Bank's assets and liabilities at book value and 100% of the assets and liabilities of OTP Bank Romania S.A. measured at carrying amount, taking into account in addition the fair value amortization adjustments that were determined at the acquisition date in accordance with IFRS 3;
- intra-group balances and transactions have been fully eliminated;
- the retained earnings and reserves include the retained earnings and reserves of the Bank and also the retained earnings after the acquisition related to OTP Bank Romania S.A.

2. Material accounting policies

The significant accounting methods and policies applied by the Bank and the Group entities in these interim consolidated and separate statement are the ones also applied in the Consolidated and separate financial statements as at and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, with the following exceptions:

a) Amended IFRS accounting standard effective for the current year

In the current year, the the Group and the Bank have applied amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability" issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the EU that are mandatorily effective for reporting period that begins on or after 1 January 2025. Adoption of those amendments has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates - Lack of Exchangeability issued by IASB on 15 August 2023. Amendments contain guidance to specify when a currency is exchangeable and how to determine the exchange rate when it is not.

b) New and revised IFRS accounting standards adopted by the EU but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, no new and revised IFRS Accounting Standards have been issued and adopted by the EU but are not yet effective.

c) New and revised IFRS accounting standards in issue but not adopted by the EU At present, IFRS accounting standards as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) except for the following new accounting standards and amendments to the existing accounting standards, which were not adopted by the EU as at the date of authorisation of these financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 - Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments issued by IASB on 30 May 2024. Amendments clarify the classification of financial assets with environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) and similar features. Amendments also clarify the date on which a financial asset or financial liability is derecognised and introduce additional disclosure requirements regarding investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features.

Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7 - Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11 issued by IASB on 18 July 2024. These amendments include clarifications, simplifications, corrections and changes in the following areas: (a) hedge accounting by a first-time adopter (IFRS 1); (b) gain or loss on derecognition (IFRS 7); (c) disclosure of deferred difference between fair value and transaction price (IFRS 7); (d) introduction and credit risk disclosures (IFRS 7); (e) lessee derecognition of lease liabilities (IFRS 9); (f) transaction price (IFRS 9); (g) determination of a 'de facto agent' (IFRS 10); (h) cost method (IAS 7).

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements issued by IASB on 9 April 2024 will replace IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. Standard introduces three sets of new requirements to improve companies' reporting of financial performance and give investors a better basis for analysing and comparing companies. The main changes in the new standard compared with IAS 1 comprise: (a) The introduction of categories (operating, investing, financing, income tax and discontinued operations) and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; (b) the introduction of requirements to improve aggregation and disaggregation; (c) The introduction of disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs) in the notes to the financial statements.

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

c) New and revised IFRS accounting standards in issue but not adopted by the EU

(continued)

IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures issued by IASB on 9 May 2024. Standard permits a subsidiary to provide reduced disclosures when applying IFRS Accounting Standards in its financial statements. IFRS 19 is optional for subsidiaries that are eligible and sets out the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries that elect to apply it.

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts issued by IASB on 30 January 2014. This standard is intended to allow entities that are first-time adopters of IFRS, and that currently recognise regulatory deferral accounts in accordance with their previous GAAP, to continue to do so upon transition to IFRS.

Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture issued by IASB on 11 September 2014. The amendments address a conflict between the requirements of IAS 28 and IFRS 10 and clarify that in a transaction involving an associate or joint venture the extent of gain or loss recognition depends on whether the assets sold or contributed constitute a business.

The Group and the Bank do not expect that the adoption of the accounting standards listed above will have a material impact on the financial statements. Hedge accounting for a portfolio of financial assets and liabilities whose principles have not been adopted by the EU remains unregulated. According to the Group and the Bank estimates, the application of hedge accounting to a portfolio of financial assets or liabilities pursuant to **IAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement** would not significantly impact the financial statements, if applied as at the balance sheet date.

3. Segment reporting

The Group segment reporting is based on components of entity that the management monitors in making decisions. The business segments are presented in a manner which is consistent with the internal reporting documentation submitted to the Leaders' Committee.

The Leaders' Committee, with the assistance of the Board of Directors, is responsible for the allocation of resources and the assessment of the business segments' performance, being considered as an operational decision-making factor.

The reporting format is based on the internal management reporting format. All items of assets and liabilities, incomes and expenses are allocated to the business segments either directly or based on reasonable criteria established by the management.

The clients of Victoriabank S.A. and Salt Bank S.A. are classified according to the Bank's standards. The segment "Leasing and loans to non-banking financial institutions" includes the leasing and consumer finance companies, as described in Note 1. The remaining non-banking subsidiaries are included in the segment "Other-Group". The "Removals & Adjustments" segment comprises intragroup operations.

The business segments are organized and managed separately, depending on the nature of products and services provided, each segment being specialized on certain products and operating on different markets.

3. Segment reporting (continued)

A business segment is a component of the Group and of the Bank:

- That engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses related to transactions with other components of the same entity);
- The operating results of which are reviewed regularly by the entity's decision maker in order to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance;
- For which distinct financial information is available.

The segment reporting of the Group is described below:

Large Corporate Clients ("LaCo"): The Group and the Bank include in this category mainly companies/group of companies with an annual turnover exceeding RON 200 million, as well as legal entities created to serve a particular function (SPV), public entities and financial institutions included in this category based on specific classification criteria. The companies in this category usually have specific and sophisticated needs. Through its centralized and customized approach, the Bank seeks to ensure high operational efficiency, a prompt assessment of the specific needs of this type of clients in order to offer the appropriate customized solutions, but also an in-depth perspective of the risk profile in order to maintain a high quality loan portfolio.

The Large Corporate clients have access to an all-inclusive package of banking products and services, the incomes generated by this segment resulting from lending operations, current business operations (transaction banking, treasury, trade finance and retail products) and other related services (leasing, asset management, consultancy on mergers and acquisitions, capital market advisory services). Through the services provided, the Bank aims at extending its cooperation to the business partners of the LaCo segment - clients/suppliers/employees - by focusing on the increase of non-risk income.

Medium Corporate Customers ("MidCo"): The Group and the Bank include in this category, mainly the companies with an annual turnover between RON 20 and 200 million. By setting such value thresholds in the classification of MidCo clients, the Bank is able to address the most frequent requests coming from this category of clients: tailored financing solutions, access to a wide range of banking services, pricing based on financial performance, dedicated and flexible relationship management, operational agility. Depending on the activity type, the customized approach related to customers is supported by two existent specializations, notably Agribusiness and Healthcare.

The MidCo segment includes also entities operating in the public sector, financial institutions or legal entities serving particular functions, included in this category based on specific classification criteria. The Bank offers a full range of financial services to its Mid Corporate clients, including lending facilities, current operations, treasury services, but also additional services such as bonus packages for employees, structured finance, co-financing of EU funded projects; the Bank also facilitates the access to the services provided by the Group subsidiaries, such as bancassurance, consultancy on mergers and acquisitions, asset management, financial and operating lease, with the purpose to increase its profitability and non-risk income.

SME clients - companies with an annual turnover between RON 3 and 20 million. These are companies that have undergone the incipient growth stages and whose business activity requires further attention. Consequently, the needs of such companies become more specific, with priority for financing.

3. Segment reporting (continued)

Micro Business clients – company customers with an annual turnover up to 3 million RON.

This category comprises the largest number of companies and the most diverse types of entities, such as limited liability companies, freelancers, sole proprietorships, etc.

The business lifespan (many such clients are fresh companies), the entrepreneur's expertise and the market on which the company operates generate certain needs that the Group and the Bank attempt to serve through product and service packages dedicated to this category of customers, which have become a hallmark in the banking sector over the years.

Lending products are accessed more frequently as the Micro or SME business takes shape: loans for working capital or investments, letters of guarantee, EU project co-financing, credit cards, leasing, invoice discounting or factoring.

Another important category of products refers to general operations, incoming and outgoing payments, cheques, promissory notes, FX operations, salary payment agreements or bancassurance services. Increased attention is given to the digitalization of our products and services, our clients showing more and more interest in internet & mobile banking, e-commerce, last generation POSs and the integration of financial data in the proprietary accounting systems.

Retail customers: The Group and the Bank provides a wide range of banking products and services to individuals, differentiated by several customer segments, from children, students, employees from the public or private sector, seniors, as well as the Premium and Private Banking segments. The Group's and the Bank's offer includes transactional banking products, current account subscriptions, bancassurance products, a diversified offer of debit and credit cards, deposits and savings accounts, consumer loans and mortgages, as well as access to the larger network of ATMs and partner merchants through the "STAR" loyalty program. Also, the Group and the Bank, together with their partners, offer private clients access to a wide range of investments (investment funds, government securities and bonds), pensions, car leasing.

The retail products of the Group and the Bank are accessible to customers through a mix of distribution channels, through the Bank's network of agencies, through digital channels and especially through the BT Pay application. The Bank's retail strategy aims at the continuous development of digital flows that involve a simpler interaction, the origination of new products and services, speed and efficiency, as well as the communication and servicing of customers from a distance, through solutions that allow them direct and immediate access to information. The Group and the Bank support financial inclusion and will continue their efforts to ensure all segments of the population have access to banking products and services in general.

Treasury: The Group and the Bank comprise in this category the treasury services.

Leasing and consumer finance granted by non-banking financial institutions: The Group includes in this category financial products and services such as lease facilities, consumer loans and microfinance provided by the non-banking financial institutions of the Group.

Other: The Group and the Bank incorporate in this category the services offered by other financial entities within the Group: asset management, brokerage, factoring and real estate, as well as elements that fall outside existing categories and result from financial and strategic decisions taken at central level.

3. Segment reporting (continued)

In terms of geographical distribution, the Group and the Bank cover mainly the Romanian territory, except for the Italy branch operations linked to the Bank while at the Group level there is the banking activity of Victoriabank S.A., the financial lease activity of BT Leasing MD S.R.L.; however, the impact of these entities on the balance sheet and income statement is not material at Group level. There is no further information regarding the geographical distribution used by the management of the Group and the Bank; therefore it is not presented here.

As at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, the Group or the Bank did not record income exceeding 10% of total income in relation to a single customer.

3. Segment reporting (continued)

The table below presents financial information per segments regarding the consolidated statement of financial position for the periods ended at March 31, 2025, and comparative data for December 31, 2024:

Business segments as at March 31, 2025

| Group | Large | Mid | | | | | Leasing and consumer loans granted by non- banking financial | Other - | Intra-group eliminations & | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------|
| In RON thousand | Corporate | Corporate | SME | Micro | Retail | Treasury | institutions | Group | adjustments | Total |
| Gross loans and finance lease | | 6 9 6 | | <i>,</i> | | | 0 | 0 | | <i>(</i>) |
| receivables | 31,952,590 | 14,163,856 | 7,144,231 | 6,734,912 | 41,574,590 | - | 8,579,534 | 8,390 | (6,396,005) | 103,762,098 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans and finance | | | | | | | | | | |
| lease receivables | (1,201,010) | (1,127,785) | (628,037) | (790,458) | (1,862,160) | - | (551,583) | (597) | 151,578 | (6,010,052) |
| Loans and finance | (1,201,010) | (1,12/,/03) | (020,03/) | (/90,430) | (1,002,100) | | (001,000) | (39/) | 131,370 | (0,010,0 3 -) |
| receivables-net | 30,751,580 | 13,036,071 | 6,516,194 | 5,944,454 | 39,712,430 | - | 8,027,951 | 7,793 | (6,244,427) | 97,752,046 |
| Portfolio of Debt instruments | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Equity instruments, net of | | | | | | | | | | |
| provisions | - | - | - | - | - | 69,644,235 | - | 610,901 | (371,457) | 69,883,679 |
| Treasury and inter-bank | | | | | | 00.054.104 | 050 050 | 550 510 | (660.09 -) | 00 = 49 911 |
| operations Non-current assets | - 63,540 | - 198,842 | - 192,979 | - 412,358 | - 1,240,437 | 32,274,124 152,123 | 370,259 184,801 | 773,713 296,024 | (669,285) 8,933 | 32,748,811 2,750,037 |
| Right-of-use assets | 17,077 | 50,612 | 42,710 | 110,825 | 301,843 | 29,920 | 47,388 | 2,646 | (37,149) | 565,872 |
| Other assets | 1,051,238 | 596,292 | 296,957 | 296,067 | 1,841,066 | | 186,719 | 597,126 | (1,757,900) | 3,107,565 |
| Total assets | 31,883,435 | 13,881,817 | 7,048,840 | 6,763,704 | 43,095,776 | 102,100,402 | 8,817,118 | 2,288,203 | (9,071,285) | 206,808,010 |
| Deposits and current accounts | 10,954,939 | 12,890,163 | 9,954,913 | 23,963,128 | 108,265,974 | 570,351 | - | 6,789 | (668,569) | 165,937,688 |
| Loans from banks and other | | | | | | | | | | |
| financial institutions | 103,305 | 298,432 | 93,502 | 79,559 | 172 | 1,395,976 | 7,013,746 | 10,890,370 | (6,380,173) | 13,494,889 |
| Subordinated liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | 2,576,971 | - | - | 2,442 | 2,579,413 |
| Finance lease financial liabilities | | 01.0.40 | 449== | 10.111 | 050 051 | 6 100 | 46 -0- | 0.545 | (0(000) | -90.049 |
| Other liabilities | 143,700 1,269,622 | 81,843 772,228 | 44,855 359,734 | 40,444 348,134 | 258,951 2,185,447 | 6,422 1,788 | 46,585 255,475 | 2,747 598,411 | (36,299) (16,578) | 589,248 5,774,261 |
| Total liabilities | 12,471,566 | 14,042,666 | <u> </u> | 24,431,265 | <u>110,710,544</u> | 4,551,508 | <u> </u> | <u>11,498,317</u> | (7,099,177) | 188,375,499 |
| Equity and related items | | | | -4,431,203 | | 4,551,508 | /,313,300 | 18,432,511 | (/,099,1//) | 18,432,511 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 12,471,566 | 14,042,666 | 10,453,004 | 24,431,265 | 110,710,544 | 4,551,508 | 7,315,806 | 29,930,828 | (7,099,177) | 206,808,010 |
| i otar nabintios and equity | ,4/1,500 | | | | | 4,00-,000 | /,j+j,500 | -9,930,020 | (/, • • • • / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / | |

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

3. Segment reporting (continued)

Business segments as at December 31, 2024

| Group In RON thousand | Large Corporate | Mid Corporate | SME | Micro | Retail | Treasury | Leasing and consumer loans granted by non- banking financial institutions | Other - Group | Intra-group eliminations & adjustments | Total |
|--|--------------------|------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|---|----------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Gross loans and finance lease receivables | 31,930,199 | 14,017,594 | 6,898,830 | 6,571,500 | 40,620,944 | - | 8,485,389 | 7,134 | (6,555,760) | 101,975,830 |
| Provisions for principal Loans and finance lease receivables | (1,070,784) | (1,011,428) | (572,835) | (754,145) | (1,790,336) | - | (560,039) | (553) | 154,152 | (5,605,968) |
| net of provisions Portfolio of Debt instruments, Equity instruments and Derivative | 30,859,415 | 13,006,166 | 6,325,995 | 5,817,355 | 38,830,608 | - | 7,925,350 | 6,581 | (6,401,608) | 96,369,862 |
| instruments, net of provisions Treasury and inter-bank operations | - | - | - | - | - | 68,206,227 37,081,163 | - 392,681 | 575,257 1,028,015 | (371,217) (2,836,819) | 68,410,267 35,665,040 |
| Non-current assets | 60,549 | 195,036 | 205,588 | 365,356 | 1,151,185 | 61,104 | 187,509 | 558,683 | 500 | 2,785,510 |
| Right-of-use assets | 19,151 | 55,549 | 47,433 | 118,895 | 317,228 | 16,070 | 40,114 | 2,892 | (30,698) | 586,634 |
| Other assets | 1,531,485 | 852,353 | 422,470 | 428,740 | 2,534,551 | - | 193,388 | 602,946 | (3,347,768) | 3,218,165 |
| Total assets | 32,470,600 | 14,109,104 | 7,001,486 | 6,730,346 | 42,833,572 | 105,364,564 | 8,739,042 | 2,774,374 | (12,987,610) | 207,035,478 |
| Deposits and current accounts Loans from banks and other financial | 10,569,746 | 13,784,353 | 10,745,201 | 25,161,550 | 108,488,644 | 1,992,508 | - | 7,670 | (1,929,251) | 168,820,421 |
| institutions | 101,380 | 316,363 | 98,191 | 88,028 | 177 | 1,116,594 | 7,117,235 | 10,854,787 | (7,455,039) | 12,237,716 |
| Subordinated liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | 2,528,096 | - | - | 2,439 | 2,530,535 |
| Lease liabilities | 152,487 | 84,614 | 49,055 | 44,676 | 272,708 | 1,577 | 39,316 | 2,927 | (29,862) | 617,498 |
| Other liabilities | 1,181,379 | 707,754 | 314,885 | 298,306 | 1,856,216 | 1,564 | 239,827 | 900,615 | (107,811) | 5,392,735 |
| Total liabilities | 12,004,992 | 14,893,084 | 11,207,332 | 25,592,560 | 110,617,745 | 5,640,339 | 7,396,378 | 11,765,999 | (9,519,524) | 189,598,905 |
| Equity and related items | | | | | | | | 17,436,573 | - | 17,436,573 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 12,004,992 | 14,893,084 | 11,207,332 | 25,592,560 | 110,617,745 | 5,640,339 | 7,396,378 | 29,202,572 | (9,519,524) | 207,035,478 |

3. Segment reporting (continued)

The table below presents financial information per segments regarding the consolidated statement of the operating profit before net expenses with the impairment allowance for loans and advances to customers, for the periods ended at March 31, 2025, and comparative data for March 31, 2024:

Business segments as at March 31, 2025

| Duoticoo ocginento uo | | 0-,0 | | | | | Leasing and consumer loans granted by non- | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|--|----------|-------------|-----------------|
| Group | Large | Mid | | | | | banking financial | Other - | Removals & | |
| In RON thousand | Corporate | Corporate | SME | Micro | Retail | Treasury | institutions | Group | adjustments | Total |
| Net interest income | 248,426 | 185,661 | 124,154 | 219,757 | 693,284 | 219,746 | 195,996 | 71,372 | 3,126 | 1,961,522 |
| Net commission income | 26,966 | 30,688 | 24,271 | 117,633 | 153,574 | (3,015) | 5,055 | 31,172 | (4,059) | 382,285 |
| Net trading income | 4,646 | 15,259 | 19,511 | 35,150 | 70,080 | 72,212 | 6,422 | 20,709 | 608 | 244,59 7 |
| Net gain from financial assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| measured through comprehensive | | | | | | 1 | | . 0 | | a |
| income Net loss (-)/Net gain from financial | - | - | - | - | - | 1,922 | - | 1,835 | - | 3,757 |
| assets which are required to be | | | | | | | | | | |
| measured through profit or loss | _ | - | - | - | _ | 43,513 | - | 208 | (752) | 42,969 |
| Contribution to the Bank Deposit | | | | | | 40,010 | | 200 | (/52) | 4-,909 |
| Guarantee Fund and to the | | | | | | | | | | |
| Resolution Fund | (5,635) | (8,587) | (6,012) | (13,665) | (61,791) | (426) | - | - | - | (96,116) |
| Other operating income | 4,496 | 5,750 | 5,745 | 10,241 | 83,205 | 2,416 | 8,388 | 30,176 | (31,514) | 118,903 |
| Total income | 278,899 | 228,771 | 167,669 | 369,116 | 938,352 | 336,368 | 215,861 | 155,472 | (32,591) | 2,657,917 |
| Personnel expenses | (28,462) | (76,916) | (62,783) | (124,196) | (345,875) | (23,510) | (39,733) | (20,612) | 16 | (722,071) |
| Other operating expenses | (23,887) | (41,634) | (35,721) | (69,514) | (249,989) | (47,336) | (21,520) | (16,531) | 9,603 | (496,529) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (3,686) | (11,987) | (11,335) | (24,227) | (73,358) | (8,197) | (7,233) | (2,596) | 5,893 | (136,726) |
| Total Expenses | (56,035) | (130,537) | (109,839) | (217,937) | (669,222) | (79,043) | (68,486) | (39,739) | 15,512 | (1,355,326) |
| Operating profit before net | | | | | · · · · | | · · · · | | | |
| provision expenses for assets, | | | | | | | | | | |
| other risks and commitments | 222,864 | 98,234 | 57,830 | 151,179 | 269,130 | 257,325 | 147,375 | 115,733 | (17,079) | 1,302,591 |
| Net expense from impairment allowance, expected losses on assets, provisions for other risks | | | | | | | | | | |
| and loan commitments | (56,147) | (107,016) | (43,421) | (26,787) | (46,130) | (11,042) | 5,292 | (983) | (4,670) | (290,904) |
| Profit before income tax | 166,717 | (8,782) | 14,409 | 124,392 | 223,000 | 246,283 | 152,667 | 114,750 | (21,749) | 1,011,687 |

3. Segment reporting (continued)

Business segments as at March 31, 2024

| | | | | | | | Leasing and consumer loans granted by non- | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Group | Large | Mid | | | D : 1 | | banking financial | Other - | Removals & | m · 1 |
| <i>In RON thousand</i> Net interest income | Corporate 127,426 | Corporate 106,066 | SME 89,098 | Micro 154,867 | Retail 420,448 | Treasury 262,054 | institutions | Group 244,284 | adjustments | Total |
| Net commission income | 12/,420 | 32,370 | 27,310 | 154,807 | 420,448 128,831 | (2,398) | 135,744 7,687 | 244,284 19,723 | 2,991 460 | 1,542,978 337,681 |
| Net trading income | 4,811 | 18,709 | 18,164 | 31,397 | 57,851 | 47,302 | 3,236 | 9,717 | (326) | 190,861 |
| Net gain from financial assets measured through comprehensive | 4,011 | 10,709 | 10,104 | 5-,57/ | 57,051 | 4/,502 | J,=J0 | <u> </u> | (3-0) | 190,001 |
| income | - | - | - | - | - | 30,944 | - | 30,940 | - | 61,884 |
| Net loss (-)/Net gain from financial assets which are required to be | | | | | | 0 // 11 | | | | ý • |
| measured through profit or loss Contribution to the Bank Deposit | - | - | - | - | - | 43,534 | - | 689 | - | 44,223 |
| Guarantee Fund and to the | | | | | | | | | | |
| Resolution Fund | (4,380) | (8,455) | (4,476) | (9,516) | (44,167) | (300) | - | - | - | (71,294) |
| Other operating income | 619 | 1,634 | 1,630 | 4,725 | 68,621 | 819 | 13,060 | 34,646 | (16,096) | 109,658 |
| Total income | 146,061 | 150,324 | 131,726 | 287,586 | 631,584 | 381,955 | 159,727 | 339,999 | (12,971) | 2,215,991 |
| Personnel expenses | (24,758) | (63,969) | (55,091) | (107,038) | (266,623) | (12,268) | (32,480) | (17,650) | 4 | (579,873) |
| Other operating expenses | (14,954) | (32,292) | (31,791) | (63,874) | (168,014) | (12,807) | (19,310) | (3,656) | 8,270 | (338,428) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (3,478) | (11,514) | (12,158) | (25,088) | (61,708) | (3,609) | (5,175) | (3,008) | 6,454 | (119,284) |
| Total Expenses | (43,190) | (107,775) | (99,040) | (196,000) | (496,345) | (28,684) | (56,965) | (24,314) | 14,728 | (1,037,585) |
| Operating profit before net provision expenses for assets, | | | | | | | | | | |
| other risks and commitments | 102,871 | 42,549 | 32,686 | 91,586 | 135,239 | 353,271 | 102,762 | 315,685 | 1,757 | 1,178,406 |
| Net expense from impairment allowance, expected losses on assets, provisions for other risks | | | | | | | | | | |
| and loan commitments | 79,760 | 3,223 | (40,601) | 95,488 | (109,530) | (2,052) | (28,812) | 398 | (815) | (2,941) |
| Bargain gain | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 132,690 | 132,690 |
| Profit before income tax | 182,631 | 45,772 | (7,915) | 187,074 | 25,709 | 351,219 | 73,950 | 316,083 | 133,632 | 1,308,155 |

4. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The Group and the Bank measure the fair value of financial instruments by using the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities included in Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy is determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Quoted prices that are being applied must be readily and regularly available from an exchange or active index/market location and prices must represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities included in Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy is determined by using evaluation methods which contain observable market data when market prices are not available. Level 2 evaluations generally use observable market parameters, such as interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, present volatilities, and credit spreads.

Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities included in Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy is determined by using input data that are not based on observable market information (unobservable data inputs shall reflect the assumptions made by the market participants to establish the price of an asset or a liability, including risk assumptions).

The objective of valuation techniques is to derive the fair value that reflects a price for the financial instrument at the reporting date, price that would be obtained by the market participants acting at arm's length.

The availability of observable market data and models reduces the need for the Management to operate judgements and estimations and also reduces the uncertainty associated with the determination of the fair value. Availability of observable market prices and inputs varies depending on the products and markets and is prone to changes based on specific events and general conditions in the financial markets.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The management uses its judgment to select the valuation method and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the date of the consolidated/ separate statement of the financial position.

i) Fair value hierarchy analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value

To establish the hierarchy of the fair value of debt instruments, Banca Transilvania S.A. uses classification criteria in one of the three levels mentioned by the International Financial Reporting Standard 13.

For the purpose of classification, the methodology takes into account the aggregation of results from two sources of observations:

• direct observations of transactions, indicative or executable prices of the respective instrument;

• observations of transactions, indicative and executable prices of comparable instruments, with the aim of deriving a price for the respective instrument, when it is considered that direct observations support additions.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

4. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

i) Fair value hierarchy analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value (continued)

The list of evaluation techniques used may contain, but is not limited to, the following:

- prices/quotations extracted by Calypso from evaluation platforms such as Bloomberg, Refinitiv or quotes received upon request from third parties;
- models based on prices of instruments with similar characteristics;
- models based on interest/price curves considered representative;
- calculation of updated cash flows;
- generally accepted economic methodologies.

Their hierarchy will take into account the specifications of IFRS 13, the choice of the alternative technique to be substantiated and approved by the competent committees.

At level 1 in the fair value hierarchy, the Group and the Bank included in the category of assets: equity instruments and debt instruments held at fair value through profit or loss, bonds classified as assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income.

In the case of bonds, if an instrument has a minimum score that reflects in a transparent and strongly justified manner the price, fair value and liquidity of that instrument, it will be classified as level 1.

At level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, the Group and the Bank included in the category of assets: derivatives held at fair value through profit or loss, bonds classified as assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income and some through fair value through profit or loss and in the category of liabilities: derivatives classified as financial liabilities held for trading.

Regarding the bonds, the classification is made based on the followings criteria:

- If the price of the instrument is obtained on the basis of interpolations of level 1 prices/yields related to similar instruments of the respective issuer (group).
- If the price of the instrument is obtained by adding the spread from the issue over the price/yield of the level 1 instrument, belonging to another issuer, which was the reference on the issue date.

The Group and the Bank use widely recognized valuation models for determining the fair value of derivatives that use only observable market data and require little management judgment and estimation. Observable prices and model inputs are usually available in the market for simple over the counter derivatives.

At level 3 in the fair value hierarchy, the Group and the Bank included in the category of assets: equity instruments, fixed assets and investment property, bonds classified as assets valued at fair value through other elements of the comprehensive result and some bonds held at fair value through the profit or loss account.

In the case of bonds, level 3 includes all cases that are not found in the previous levels, the nonexistence of a price, a price provided by a single entity or derived, by interpolation or spread, from one of the level 2 prices.

Significant unobservable inputs affecting the valuation of debt securities are represented by credit spreads - the premium above the benchmark reference instrument required to compensate for lower credit quality; higher spreads lead to a lower fair value.

4. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

i) Fair value hierarchy analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value (continued)

The table below presents the financial instruments measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, at the end of the reporting period, by fair value levels:

| Group In RON thousand | Level 1 - Quoted market prices in active markets | Level 2 - Valuation techniques – observable inputs | Level 3 - Valuation techniques – unobservable inputs | Total |
|--|---|--|--|------------|
| March 31, 2025 Financial assets held for trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | 264,274 | 141,898 | 5,412 | 411,584 |
| - Equity instruments | 264,274 | | - | 264,274 |
| - Debt instruments | - | 141,898 | 5,412 | 147,310 |
| Derivatives | - | 138,824 | - | 138,824 |
| Financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income | 42,561,154 | 290,735 | 270,646 | 43,122,535 |
| - Equity instruments | 96,695 | - | 76,856 | 173,551 |
| - Debt instruments | 42,464,459 | 264,558 | 193,790 | 42,922,807 |
| - Loans and advances | - | 26,177 | - | 26,177 |
| Financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | 970,210 | 463,046 | 35,442 | 1,468,698 |
| - Equity instruments | 393,158 | - | 35,442 | 428,600 |
| - Debt instruments | 577,052 | 463,046 | - | 1,040,098 |
| Total financial assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position | 43,795,639 | 1,034,504 | 311,500 | 45,141,643 |
| Non-financial assets at fair value | - | - | 1,645,871 | 1,645,871 |
| - Property and equipment and investment property Total assets measured at fair value in the statement of | | - | 1,645,871 | 1,645,871 |
| financial position | 43,795,639 | 1,034,503 | 1,957,370 | 46,787,512 |
| Financial liabilities held-for-trading | - | 174,127 | - | 174,127 |
| December 31, 2024 Financial assets held for trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | 249,120 | 135,953 | 4,744 | 389,817 |
| - Equity instruments | 249,120 | - | - | 249,120 |
| - Debt instruments | - | 135,953 | 4,744 | 140,697 |
| Derivatives Financial assets measured at fair value through other items | - | 173,030 | - | 173,030 |
| of comprehensive income | 43,203,627 | 561,684 | 212,024 | 43,977,335 |
| - Equity instruments | 97,692 | - | 73,674 | 171,366 |
| - Debt instruments | 43,105,935 | 535,760 | 138,350 | 43,780,045 |
| - Loans and advances Financial assets which are required to be measured at fair | - | 25,924 | - | 25,924 |
| value through profit or loss, of which: | 940,385 | 495,443 | 33,186 | 1,469,014 |
| - Equity instruments | 373,573 | - | 33,186 | 406,759 |
| - Debt instruments | 566,812 | 495,443 | - | 1,062,255 |
| Total financial assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position | 44,393,132 | 1,366,110 | 249,954 | 46,009,196 |
| Non-financial assets at fair value | - | - | 1,655,373 | 1,655,373 |
| - Property and equipment and investment property Total assets measured at fair value in the statement of | - | - | 1,655,373 | 1,655,373 |
| financial position | 44,393,132 | 1,366,110 | 1,905,327 | 47,664,569 |
| Financial liabilities held-for-trading | - | 235,322 | - | 235,322 |

4. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

i) Fair value hierarchy analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value (continued)

| Bank In RON thousand | Level 1 - Quoted market prices in active markets | Level 2 - Valuation techniques – observable inputs | Level 3 - Valuation techniques – unobservable inputs | Total |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------------|
| March 31, 2025 Financial assets held for trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | 18,160 | - | - | 18,160 |
| - Equity instruments | 18,160 | - | - | 18,160 |
| Derivatives Financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income | - 41,969,853 | 138,824 288,043 | - 216,573 | 138,824 42,474,469 |
| - Equity instruments | - | - | 22,783 | 22,783 |
| - Debt instruments | 41,969,853 | 261,866 | 193,790 | 42,425,509 |
| - Loans and advances Financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | - | 26,177 | - | 26,177 |
| - Equity instruments | 941,902 393,158 | 1,097,529 | 35,442 | 2,074,873 428,600 |
| - Debt instruments | 548,744 | 1,097,529 | 35,442 | 428,000 1,646,273 |
| Total financial assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position | 42,929,915 | 1,524,396 | 252,015 | 44,706,326 |
| Non-financial assets at fair value | - | - | 1,179,324 | 1,179,324 |
| - Property and equipment and investment property Total assets measured at fair value in the | - | - | 1,179,324 | 1,179,324 |
| statement of financial position | 42,929,915 | 1,524,396 | 1,431,339 | 45,885,650 |
| Financial liabilities held-for-trading | - | 174,490 | - | 174,490 |
| December 31, 2024 Financial assets held for trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | 17,833 | - | - | 17,833 |
| - Equity instruments | 17,833 | - | - | 17,833 |
| Derivatives Financial assets measured at fair value through | - | 155,572 | - | 155,572 |
| other items of comprehensive income | 42,431,786 | 558,581 | 161,131 22,780 | 43,151,498 |
| - Equity instruments - Debt instruments | - 42,431,786 | - 532,657 | 138,351 | 22,780 43,102,794 |
| - Loans and advances | 42,431,700 | 25,924 | 130,351 | 43,102,/94 25,924 |
| Financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, of which: | 890,035 | -3,9-4 | 30,219 | |
| - Equity instruments | 343,118 | 1,095,180 | 30,219 30,219 | 2,015,434 373,337 |
| - Debt instruments | 546,917 | 1,095,180 | | 3/3,337 1,642,097 |
| Total financial assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position | 43,339,654 | 1,809,333 | 191,350 | 45,340,337 |
| Non-financial assets at fair value | - | - | 829,734 | 829,734 |
| - Property and equipment and investment property | - | - | 829,734 | 829,734 |
| Total assets measured at fair value in the statement of financial position | 43,339,654 | 1,809,333 | 1,021,084 | 46,170,071 |
| Financial liabilities held-for-trading | - | 235,283 | - | 235,283 |

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

4. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

ii) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

At level 1 in the fair value hierarchy, the Group and the Bank included in the category of assets that are not held at fair value: financial assets at amortized cost - debt instruments, represented by bonds issued by central administrations and credit institutions.

At level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, the Bank and the Group included in the category of assets that are not held at fair value: placements with banks, financial assets measured at amortized cost - debt instruments and in the category of liabilities: deposits from banks and from customers.

At level 3 in the fair value hierarchy, the Bank and the Group included in the category of assets: loans and advances and finance lease receivables and other financial assets; and in the category of liabilities: loans from banks and other financial institutions, subordinated loans and other financial liabilities.

The table below presents the fair value and the fair value hierarchy for the financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position at March 31, 2025:

| | | Group | | | | | | Bank | | | | | |
|--|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | . · | | Fair value hierarchy | | | | | Fair value hierarchy | | | | |
| In RON thousand Assets | Notes | Carrying amount | Fair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Carrying amount | Fair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | |
| Placements with banks and public institutions Loans and advances to | 17 | 8,874,808 | 8,875,200 | - | 8,875,200 | - | 7,748,689 | 7,749,081 | - | 7,749,081 | - | | |
| customers Finance lease receivables Financial assets at amortized cost - debt | 19 20 | 92,153,962 5,598,084 | 92,788,433 5,817,629 | - | - | 92,788,433 5,817,629 | 93,417,338 - | 94,169,681 - | - | - | 94,169,681 - | | |
| instruments | 21 | 24,742,038 | 24,837,112 | 18,351,838 | 6,331,244 | 154,030 | 22,834,008 | 22,916,969 | 18,233,898 | 4,529,041 | 154,030 | | |
| Other financial assets | 22 | 2,304,844 | 2,300,085 | - | - | 2,300,085 | 2,131,217 | 2,126,458 | - | - | 2,126,458 | | |
| Total assets | | 133,673,736 | 134,618,459 | 18,351,838 | 15,206,444 | 101,060,177 | 126,131,252 | 126,962,189 | 18,233,898 | 12,278,122 | 96,450,169 | | |
| Liabilities Deposits from banks | 24 | 502,637 | 502,637 | - | 502,637 | - | 515,925 | 515,925 | - | 515,925 | - | | |
| Deposits from customers | 25 | 165,435,051 | 165,473,595 | - | 165,473,595 | - | 160,121,200 | 160,158,106 | - | 160,158,106 | - | | |
| Loans from banks and other financial institutions | 26 | 13,494,889 | 13,528,973 | 10,330,577 | 1,430,060 | 1,768,336 | 12,615,760 | 12,649,844 | 10,328,232 | 1,430,060 | 891,552 | | |
| Subordinated liabilities | 27 | 2,579,413 | 2,579,413 | - | - | 2,579,413 | 2,451,805 | 2,451,805 | - | - | 2,451,805 | | |
| Lease liabilities | | 589,248 | 589,248 | - | - | 589,248 | 565,191 | 565,191 | - | - | 565,191 | | |
| Other financial liabilities | 29 | 4,380,577 | 4,380,577 | - | _ | 4,380,577 | 3,536,325 | 3,536,325 | - | | 3,536,325 | | |
| Total liabilities | | 186,981,815 | 187,054,443 | 10,330,577 | 167,406,292 | 9,317,574 | 179,806,206 | 179,877,196 | 10,328,232 | 162,104,091 | 7,444,873 | | |

The explanatory notes to the financial statements from page 11 to page 56 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

4. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

ii) Financial instruments not carried at fair value (continued)

The table below presents the fair value and the fair value hierarchy for the financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position at December 31, 2024:

| | | | | Group | | | _ | | Bank | | |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | Notes | Carrying | Fair value | Fai: Level 1 | r value hierar Level 2 | • | Carrying | Fair value | Fair Level 1 | value hieraro Level 2 | • |
| | Notes | amount | rair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | amount | rair value | Level I | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Placements with banks and public | | | | | | | | | | | |
| institutions | 20 | 13,714,870 | 13,714,870 | - | 13,714,870 | - | 13,612,057 | 13,612,057 | - | 13,612,057 | - |
| Loans and advances to customers | 22 | 90,779,626 | 91,085,263 | - | - | 91,085,263 | 81,389,989 | 81,764,482 | - | - | 81,764,482 |
| Finance lease receivables Financial assets at amortized cost - | 23 | 5,590,236 | 5,777,192 | - | - | 5,777,192 | - | - | - | - | - |
| debt instruments | 24 | 22,401,071 | 22,433,173 | 15,327,337 | 7,006,613 | 99,223 | 19,376,763 | 19,404,393 | 14,309,171 | 4,995,999 | 99,223 |
| Other financial assets | 30 | 2,327,367 | 2,329,996 | - | - | 2,329,996 | 2,013,078 | 2,015,707 | - | - | 2,015,707 |
| Total assets | | 134,813,170 | 135,340,494 | 15,327,337 | 20,721,483 | 99,291,674 | 116,391,887 | 116,796,639 | 14,309,171 | 18,608,056 | 83,879,412 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deposits from banks | 32 | 951,155 | 951,155 | - | 951,155 | - | 1,173,778 | 1,173,778 | - | 1,173,778 | - |
| Deposits from customers Loans from banks and other | 33 | 167,869,266 | 167,892,453 | - | 167,892,453 | - | 150,785,254 | 150,806,803 | - | 150,806,803 | - |
| financial institutions | 34 | 12,237,716 | 12,238,470 | 10,146,672 | 201,980 | 1,889,818 | 11,209,491 | 11,209,565 | 10,144,092 | 162,603 | 902,870 |
| Subordinated liabilities | 35 | 2,530,535 | 2,530,535 | - | - | 2,530,535 | 2,405,137 | 2,405,137 | - | - | 2,405,137 |
| Lease liabilities | | 617,498 | 617,498 | - | - | 617,498 | 747,857 | 747,857 | - | - | 747,857 |
| Other financial liabilities | 37 | 3,767,710 | 3,767,710 | - | - | 3,767,710 | 2,582,891 | 2,582,891 | - | - | 2,582,891 |
| Total liabilities | | 187,973,880 | 187,997,821 | 10,146,672 | 169,045,588 | 8,805,561 | 168,904,408 | 168,926,031 | 10,144,092 | 152,143,184 | 6,638,755 |

5. Net interest income

| | Gro | սթ | Bank | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| In RON thousand Interest income calculated using the | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | | |
| effective interest method | 2,940,835 | 2,474,027 | 2,598,668 | 2,336,933 | | |
| Cash and current accounts with Central Banks at amortised cost Placements with banks and public institutions | 99,244 | 110,145 | 74,716 | 100,531 | | |
| at amortised cost - Loans and advances to customers at amortised | 121,759 | 224,163 | 118,294 | 231,869 | | |
| cost - Debt instruments at fair value through other | 1,915,830 | 1,592,279 | 1,646,458 | 1,484,136 | | |
| items of comprehensive income | 481,610 | 384,447 | 473,953 | 381,562 | | |
| - Debt instruments at amortised cost | 322,392 | 162,993 | 285,247 | 138,835 | | |
| Other similar interest income | 156,202 | 116,359 | - | 8,084 | | |
| - Finance lease receivables | 156,202 | 108,211 | - | - | | |
| - Non-recourse factoring receivables | - | 8,148 | - | 8,084 | | |
| Total interest income | 3,097,037 | 2,590,386 | 2,598,668 | 2,345,017 | | |
| Interest expense related to financial liabilities measured at amortized cost | 1,131,754 | 1,044,603 | 1,059,405 | 1,016,830 | | |
| - Cash and current accounts with Central Banks | - | - | - | - | | |
| - Deposits from banks | 2,526 | 1,243 | 3,068 | 1,567 | | |
| - Deposits from customers - Loans from banks and other financial | 873,192 | 819,091 | 814,335 | 805,915 | | |
| institutions | 256,036 | 224,269 | 242,002 | 209,348 | | |
| Other similar expense | 3,761 | 2,805 | 4,091 | 3,455 | | |
| - Lease liabilities | 3,761 | 2,805 | 4,091 | 3,455 | | |
| Total interest expense | 1,135,515 | 1,047,408 | 1,063,496 | 1,020,285 | | |
| Net interest income | 1,961,522 | 1,542,978 | 1,535,172 | 1,324,732 | | |

Interest income as at March 31, 2025 includes the net interest income on impaired financial assets amounting RON 115,070 thousand (2024: RON 79,915 thousand) for the Group and RON 56,330 thousand (2024: RON 57,502 thousand) for the Bank.

The interest income and expense related to the financial assets and liabilities, other than those held at fair value through profit or loss, are determined using the effective interest rate method.

6. Net fee and commission income

| | Gro | up | Bai | nk |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Fee and commission income Commissions from treasury and inter-bank | | | | |
| operations | 88,937 | 79,846 | 88,992 | 79,854 |
| Client transactions (i) | 506,706 | 433,509 | 428,843 | 376,228 |
| Lending activity (ii) | 5,891 | 3,454 | 3,273 | 2,748 |
| Finance lease management | - | 2,836 | - | - |
| Asset management (iii) | 15,338 | 9,746 | - | - |
| Other fee and commission income | 2,008 | 1,874 | 126 | 392 |
| Total fee and commission income from contracts with customers | 618,880 | 531,265 | 521,234 | 459,222 |
| Fee income from financial guarantee contracts (iv) | 21,917 | 14,777 | 18,800 | 14,544 |
| Total fee and commission income | 640,797 | 546,042 | 540,034 | 473,766 |
| Fee and commission expense Commissions from treasury and inter-bank Client transactions | 174,822 68,596 | 154,169 53,781 | 145,739 51,171 | 129,384 43,851 |
| Lending activity (i) Other fees and commissions | 14,377 717 | (261) 672 | 17,579 894 | 3,845 757 |
| Fee and commission expenses | 258,512 | 208,361 | 215,383 | 177,837 |
| Net fee and commission income | 382,285 | 337,681 | 324,651 | 295,929 |

(i) Fees related to transactions with clients mainly include cards fees, payments/collections fees, custody fees and other fees related to transactions with clients

(ii) Lending-related fees include amendment fees, factoring fees, debt recovery fees

(iii) This category includes the management commissions of open and alternative investment funds

(iv) Although the fee income from financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments is recognised in accordance with the principle of IFRS 15 the financial guarantee contracts is in the scope IFRS 9 and the fee income from it is not revenue from contracts with customers. The Group and the Bank presents the fee income from financial guarantees as part of total fee and commission income.

7. Net trading income

| | Group | | Bank | |
|---|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Net income from foreign exchange transactions | 195,241 | 170,422 | 163,677 | 145,058 |
| Net income/ (Expense) from derivatives | 28,988 | 13,371 | 14,435 | 13,397 |
| Net income/ (Expense) from financial assets held- | | | | |
| for-trading | 21,801 | 10,451 | 328 | 1,124 |
| (Expense)/ net income from foreign exchange | | | | |
| position revaluation | (1,433) | (3,383) | 5,488 | (3,056) |
| Net trading income | 244,59 7 | 190,861 | 183,928 | 156,523 |

8. Net gain/loss (-) from financial assets measured at fair value through comprehensive income

| | Gro | oup | Ba | nk |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>In RON thousand</i> Income from the sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Losses from the sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | 4,010 | 62,317 | 3,998 | 61,106 |
| income | (253) | (433) | (253) | (433) |
| Net income from financial assets measured at fair value through comprehensive income | 3,757 | 61,884 | 3,745 | 60,673 |

9. Net gain/loss (-) from financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss

| | Group | | Bank | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Income from financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss Losses from financial assets which are required to be | 109,942 | 66,109 | 129,459 | 88,365 |
| measured at fair value through profit or loss | (66,973) | (21,886) | (65,597) | (28,137) |
| Net income/(expense) from financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss | 42,969 | 44,223 | 63,862 | 60,228 |

10. Contribution to the Bank Deposit Guarantee Fund and to the Resolution Fund

The impact of the breakdown of the annual contribution to the two funds, as reflected in the separate and consolidated statement of financial position, is the following:

| | Group | | Bank | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Contribution to the Bank Deposit Guarantee Fund | 47,069 | 45,743 | 45,804 | 44,875 |
| Bank Resolution Fund | 49,047 | 25,551 | 45,861 | 19,796 |
| Total | 96,116 | 71,294 | 91,665 | 64,671 |

11. Other operating income

| | Group | | Bank | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Dividend income | - | - | 16,921 | - |
| Income from insurance intermediation Income regarding movable and immovable | 61,123 | 50,335 | 39,673 | 33,773 |
| assets resulting from debt enforcement | 1,416 | 2,662 | 931 | 1,612 |
| Income from indemnities, fines and penalties Income from VISA, MASTERCARD, WU | 2,199 | 1,899 | 1,562 | 1,016 |
| services | 30,497 | 29,399 | 30,490 | 29,393 |
| Other operating income (i) | 23,668 | 25,363 | 20,452 | 10,810 |
| Total | 118,903 | 109,658 | 110,029 | 76,604 |

(i) The category "Other operating income" includes the following types of income: debt recoveries related to closed accounts, cash at hand differences, income from recovered legal expenses, other recoveries from operating expenses.

12. Net income (-)/expenses from impairment allowance, expected losses on assets, provisions for other risks and loan commitments

(a) Impairment or reversal of impairment on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss

| | Gro | up | Ba | nk |
|--|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Net impairment allowance on assets (i) | 355,737 | 66,780 | 278,114 | 8,704 |
| Net loss on loans written off | 341 | 22 | - | - |
| Net loss on finance lease receivables written off | 200 | 129 | - | - |
| Provisions for other risks and loan commitments | (31,360) | (19,602) | (6,268) | (14,268) |
| Recoveries from loans written off | (31,432) | (39,639) | (25,910) | (36,971) |
| Recoveries from finance lease receivables written off | (255) | (180) | _ | _ |
| Net income (-)/Expenses from impairment allowance, expected losses on assets, provisions for other risks and loan commitments | 293,231 | 7,510 | 245,936 | (42,535) |
| - | 70 7 0 | / /0 | 10/90* | |

(i) Net impairment allowance on assets include the following:

| | Group | | Bank | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Loans and advances to customers | 364,185 | 47,417 | 277,519 | 13,828 |
| Treasury and inter-bank operations | (2,137) | 1,260 | (2,161) | (1,799) |
| Finance lease receivables | (17,202) | 19,147 | - | - |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 2,005 | - | - | - |
| Investment securities | 11,814 | 3,958 | 7,338 | 2,710 |
| Other financial assets | (2,928) | (5,002) | (4,582) | (6,035) |
| Net impairment allowance on assets | 355,737 | 66,780 | 278,114 | 8,704 |

12. Net income (-)/expenses from impairment allowance, expected losses on assets, provisions for other risks and loan commitments (continued)

(b) Other Provisions and reversal of provisions

| | Group | | Bank | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Other non-financial assets | (2,643) | (709) | (1,423) | - |
| Tangible and intangible assets | (423) | - | - | - |
| Litigation and other risks | 739 | (3,860) | 49 | (3,424) |
| Other Provisions and reversal of provisions | (2,327) | (4,569) | (1,374) | (3,424) |

13. Personnel expenses

| | Group | | Bank | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Gross salaries | 647,528 | 449,783 | 436,078 | 372,625 |
| Social protection contribution | 24,113 | 18,388 | 13,462 | 11,194 |
| Share-based payments to employees | 46,660 | 36,086 | 46,660 | 36,086 |
| 3rd Pension Pillar | 4,095 | 3,965 | 3,712 | 3,602 |
| Other staff expenses | 36,346 | 33,139 | 29,223 | 28,747 |
| Net expenses with provisions for overdue | | | | |
| vacations and other provisions | (36,671) | 38,512 | 47,658 | 29,859 |
| Total | 722,071 | 579,873 | 576,793 | 482,113 |

14. Other operating expenses

| | Grou | ıp | Ba | nk |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Rent and operating lease expense | 5,530 | 2,480 | 3,739 | 1,917 |
| Repairs and maintenance expenses | 136,489 | 86,325 | 90,973 | 75,290 |
| Advertising, marketing, entertainment and | | | | |
| sponsorship expenses | 55,709 | 31,110 | 44,099 | 26,374 |
| Mail, telecommunication and SMS traffic | | | | |
| expenses | 29,575 | 18,596 | 18,594 | 15,737 |
| Materials and stationery expenses | 27,902 | 25,276 | 20,777 | 22,160 |
| Other professional fees, including legal | | | | |
| expenses | 9,667 | 10,000 | 8,314 | 8,501 |
| Electricity and heating | 17,807 | 10,979 | 15,763 | 9,409 |
| Business travel, transportation and temporary | | | | |
| relocation expenses | 20,396 | 17,045 | 18,380 | 16,035 |
| Insurance costs | 11,174 | 8,536 | 7,057 | 7,639 |
| Taxes (*) | 81,465 | 72,107 | 76,140 | 70,285 |
| Write-off and loss on disposal of tangible assets | 4,676 | - | 226 | - |
| Write-off and loss on disposal of intangible | | | | |
| assets | 21,547 | - | - | - |
| Security and protection | 10,352 | 8,552 | 9,157 | 8,030 |
| Expenses related to archiving services | 4,116 | 6,227 | 3,574 | 5,963 |
| Expenses related to database queries from the | | | | |
| Trade Register and the Credit Bureau | 3,037 | 2,155 | 2,536 | 1,614 |
| Expenses with foreclosed assets | 2,958 | 2,267 | 1,938 | 2,016 |
| Audit, advisory and other services provided by | | | | |
| the independent auditor | 2,076 | 3,320 | 1,192 | 2,484 |
| Other operating expenses | 52,053 | 33,453 | 31,925 | 23,587 |
| Total other operating expenses | 496,529 | 338,428 | 354,384 | 297,041 |

(*) Starting from 2024, the "Taxes and contributions" line also includes the turnover tax calculated for the reported period, representing 2% of the turnover, amounting RON 78,109 thousand for the Group and RON 75,602 thousand for the Bank.

15. Income tax expense

| | Group | | Bank | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Gross Profit | 1,011,687 | 1,308,155 | 842,733 | 1,072,628 |
| Statutory tax rate (2025: 16%; 2024: | | | | |
| 16%) (*) | (161,870) | (209,305) | (134,837) | (171,620) |
| Fiscal effect of income tax on the | | | | |
| following elements: | 27,219 | 33,557 | 48,390 | 12,232 |
| - Non-taxable income | 24,074 | 46,937 | 30,394 | 29,872 |
| - Non-deductible expense | (72,323) | (37,718) | (56,139) | (41,145) |
| - Tax deductions | 39,271 | 24,348 | 36,894 | 23,506 |
| - Income related items | (91,808) | (17) | (90,622) | (1) |
| - Expense related items | 123,086 | 7 | 122,944 | - |
| - Current profit tax from previous years | | | | |
| related to acquisitions | 4,919 | - | 4,919 | - |
| Income tax expense | (134,651) | (175,748) | (86,447) | (159,388) |

(*) Income tax rate for Victoriabank S.A. and BT Leasing MD S.R.L. is 12%.

16. Cash and current accounts with Central Banks

| | Grou | р | Bai | nk |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Minimum reserve requirement | 19,201,339 | 16,501,355 | 17,159,809 | 12,193,009 |
| Cash on hand and other values | 4,672,664 | 5,448,815 | 4,403,732 | 4,715,351 |
| Total | 23,874,003 | 21,950,170 | 21,563,541 | 16,908,360 |

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the separate and consolidated statement of financial position.

| | Grou | սթ | Banl | k |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Cash and current accounts with Central Banks (*) Placements with banks - maturity below 3 months | 23,869,601 | 17,425,427 | 21,308,783 | 16,906,873 |
| months | 7,559,492 | 11,239,353 | 5,893,076 | 10,005,003 |
| Reverse-repo transactions | 500,485 | 1,000,412 | 500,485 | 1,000,412 |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions with maturity below 3 months Financial assets measured at fair value | - | - | - | - |
| through other items of comprehensive income with maturity below 3 months Financial assets at amortized cost – debt | - | 298,328 | - | 298,328 |
| instruments | 191,534 | 585,123 | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents in the cash | | | | |
| flow statement | 32,121,112 | 30,548,643 | 27,702,344 | 28,210,616 |

(*) At Group level, the cash and current accounts with Central Banks do not include the accrual and interest receivable in the amount of RON 4,402 thousand (2024: RON 3,402 thousand) and at the level of the Bank in the amount of RON 1,889 thousand (2024: RON 1,487 thousand)

17. Placements with banks and public institutions

| | Grou | р | Ban | k |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Current accounts with other banks Sight, collateral and term deposits with | 1,166,015 | 1,120,402 | 845,842 | 801,165 |
| other banks | 6,746,183 | 11,134,045 | 5,940,237 | 10,437,501 |
| Reverse repo transactions | 500,564 | 1,001,246 | 500,564 | 1,001,246 |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions | 462,046 | 459,177 | 462,046 | 1,372,145 |
| Total | 8,874,808 | 13,714,870 | 7,748,689 | 13,612,057 |

Except for sale and reverse-repo agreements, the amounts due from other banks are not guaranteed.

As at March 31, 2025, the placements with banks included reverse-repo securities, term deposits and loans and advances to credit institutions with maturity up to 3 months, which are also included in the separate and consolidated statement of cash flows, as follows: reverse-repo in amount of RON 500,485 thousand, deposits in amount of RON 5,688,801 thousand and loans and advances to credit institutions of RON 0 thousand at Group level, and reverse-repo in amount of RON 1,000,412 thousand, deposits in amount of RON 9,031,928 thousand and loans and advances to credit institutions of RON 0 thousand at Group level, and reverse-repo in amount of RON 1,000,412 thousand, deposits in amount of RON 9,031,928 thousand and loans and advances to credit institutions of RON 0 thousand at Group level, and reverse-repo in amount of RON 1,000,412 thousand, deposits in amount of RON 9,031,928 thousand and loans and advances to credit institutions of RON 0 thousand at Group level, and reverse-repo in amount of RON 1,000,412 thousand, deposits in amount of RON 8,471,996 thousand and loans and advances to credit institutions in amount of RON 0 thousand at Bank level).

18. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

a) Held-for-trading financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

The structure of financial assets held-for-trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss is presented in the table below:

| | Grou | ւթ | Banl | κ. |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Equity instruments | 264,274 | 249,120 | 18,160 | 17,833 |
| Debt instruments | 147,310 | 140,697 | - | |
| Total | 411,584 | 389,817 | 18,160 | 17,833 |

b) Financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss

The structure of financial assets which are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss is presented in the table below:

| | Gro | Group | | Group Ba | | k |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|---|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | | |
| Equity instruments (*) | 428,600 | 406,759 | 428,600 | 373,337 | | |
| Debt instruments | 1,040,098 | 1,062,255 | 1,646,273 | 1,642,097 | | |
| Total | 1,468,698 | 1,469,014 | 2,074,873 | 2,015,434 | | |

(*) The Group and the Bank have included in this category the VISA and Mastercard shares, both the ordinary ones from category A / B, as well as the preferential ones from category C.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

19. Loans and advances to customers

The Group's and Bank's commercial lending is concentrated on Romanian and Moldavian companies and individuals.

The structure of the credit portfolio of the Group and the Bank as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is the following:

| | Group | | Bai | nk |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Corporate and government institutions | 39,735,249 | 39,410,672 | 45,244,725 | 40,584,047 |
| Small and medium enterprises Consumer loans and card loans granted to retail | 13,879,193 | 13,400,980 | 13,323,240 | 11,695,683 |
| customers | 16,947,192 | 16,522,596 | 16,265,558 | 14,520,308 |
| Mortgage loans | 24,538,716 | 24,083,037 | 23,970,571 | 19,303,938 |
| Loans granted by non-banking financial institutions | 2,717,924 | 2,612,419 | - | - |
| Other | 95,674 | 85,559 | 87,283 | 78,423 |
| Total loans and advances to customers before impairment allowance | 97,913,948 | 96,115,263 | 98,891,377 | 86,182,399 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans | (5,759,986) | (5,335,637) | (5,474,039) | (4,792,410) |
| Total loans and advances to customers net of impairment allowance | 92,153,962 | 90,779,626 | 93,417,338 | 81,389,989 |

The risk distribution of the credit portfolio per sectors as at 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2024, is the following:

| | Gro | up | Bai | nk |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Retail | 42,846,397 | 41,926,881 | 40,323,412 | 33,902,669 |
| Government Bodies | 10,248,686 | 10,221,339 | 10,242,725 | 10,107,807 |
| Trading | 9,601,797 | 9,958,558 | 8,650,506 | 8,151,107 |
| Manufacturing | 7,050,062 | 6,968,403 | 6,687,783 | 5,948,616 |
| Real Estate | 4,703,424 | 4,599,634 | 4,706,766 | 3,268,275 |
| Agriculture | 4,620,074 | 4,483,984 | 4,530,162 | 3,567,576 |
| Services | 4,085,437 | 4,442,282 | 3,716,433 | 3,762,432 |
| Constructions | 3,175,024 | 3,072,761 | 3,066,379 | 2,652,422 |
| Transportation | 2,765,970 | 3,055,221 | 2,466,888 | 2,514,925 |
| Energy Industry | 2,294,584 | 2,135,772 | 2,213,071 | 1,850,760 |
| Health and social care services | 1,866,245 | - | 1,840,182 | - |
| Financial Institutions | 1,544,118 | 1,511,080 | 7,701,232 | 7,345,469 |
| Self-employed | 1,517,670 | 1,412,545 | 1,245,437 | 1,088,856 |
| Others | 659,491 | 1,592,231 | 619,302 | 1,386,875 |
| Telecommunications | 480,877 | 440,984 | 466,244 | 413,199 |
| Mining Industry | 194,558 | 115,735 | 192,651 | 86,868 |
| Chemical Industry | 129,014 | 160,921 | 124,699 | 119,460 |
| Education | 115,067 | - | 83,631 | - |
| Fishing | 15,453 | 16,932 | 13,874 | 15,083 |
| Total loans and advances to customers before impairment allowance | 97,913,948 | 96,115,263 | 98,891,377 | 86,182,399 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans | (5,759,986) | (5,335,637) | (5,474,039) | (4,792,410) |
| Total loans and advances to customers, net of impairment allowance | 92,153,962 | 90,779,626 | 93,417,338 | 81,389,989 |

Starting with 2025, the industrial classification reflects NACE Rev. 3 according to GD 284/2025. Comparative data are presented according to the previous structure, without retroactive adjustments (note 1 e) (iv)).

The explanatory notes to the financial statements from page 11 to page 56 are an integral part of these financial 41 statements.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

20. Finance lease receivables

The Group acts as a lessor under finance lease agreements, concluded mainly for financing motor vehicles and equipment. The lease agreements are denominated in EUR, RON and MDL and typically run for a period between 2 and maximum 10 years, with the transfer of ownership over the leased assets upon the termination of the lease agreement.

The lease receivables are secured by the underlying assets and by other collateral. The breakdown of finance lease receivables according to their maturity is presented below:

| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| Finance lease receivables with maturity below 1 year, gross | 2,387,496 | 2,367,470 |
| Finance lease receivables with maturity between 1-2 years, gross | 1,783,445 | 1,789,151 |
| Finance lease receivables with maturity between 2-3 years, gross | 1,279,404 | 1,289,248 |
| Finance lease receivables with maturity between 3-4 years, gross | 765,448 | 790,037 |
| Finance lease receivables with maturity between 4-5 years, gross | 304,729 | 324,513 |
| Finance lease receivables with maturity above 5 years, gross | <u>27,945</u> | 26,114 |
| Total finance lease receivables, gross | 6,548,46 7 | 6,586,533 |
| Future interest related to finance lease receivables | (700,318) | (725,966) |
| Total finance lease receivables, net of future interest | 5,848,150 | 5,860,567 |
| Impairment allowances for finance lease receivables | (250,066) | (270,331) |
| Total finance lease receivables | 5,598,084 | 5,590,236 |

The lease contracts are originated and managed through BT Leasing Transilvania IFN S.A., BT Leasing MD S.R.L. and Avant Leasing IFN S.A..

21. Investment securities

a) Financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive income

| | Gro | up | Ban | k |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Debt instruments, of which | 42,922,807 | 43,780,045 | 42,425,509 | 43,102,794 |
| - Central administrations | 40,936,453 | 41,803,049 | 40,439,154 | 41,125,798 |
| - Credit institutions | 1,481,537 | 1,468,254 | 1,481,537 | 1,468,254 |
| - Other financial companies | 504,817 | 508,742 | 504,818 | 508,742 |
| - Non-financial institutions | - | - | - | - |
| Equity instruments, of which: | 173,551 | 171,366 | 22,783 | 22,780 |
| - Other financial companies | 143,773 | 141,588 | 19,976 | 19,973 |
| - Non-financial institutions | 29,778 | 29,778 | 2,807 | 2,807 |
| Loans and advances to customers | 26,177 | 25,924 | 26,177 | 25,924 |
| - Central administrations | 26,177 | 25,924 | 26,177 | 25,924 |
| Total | 43,122,535 | 43,977,335 | 42,474,469 | 43,151,498 |

21. Investment securities (continued)

b) Financial assets at amortized cost - debt instruments

In the period ended on March 31, 2025, the Group classified as financial assets measures at amortized cost - debt instruments, bonds in amount of RON 24,742,038 thousand, and the Bank bonds in amount of RON 22,832,008 thousand (December 31, 2024; RON 22,401,071 thousand for the Group and RON 19,376,763 thousand for the Bank).

| | Gro | up | Ba | nk |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Debt instruments, of which | | | | |
| - Central Banks | 191,534 | 585,123 | - | - |
| - Central administrations | 22,086,323 | 19,356,757 | 20,369,827 | 16,917,571 |
| - Credit institutions | 866,741 | 867,818 | 866,741 | 867,818 |
| - Other financial companies | 1,528,846 | 1,523,608 | 1,528,846 | 1,523,608 |
| - Non-financial institutions | 68,593 | 67,765 | 68,594 | 67,766 |
| Total | 24,742,038 | 22,401,071 | 22,834,008 | 19,376,763 |

22. Other financial assets

| | Gro | oup | Bar | ık |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Amounts under settlement | 1,089,292 | 951,326 | 1,046,260 | 858,008 |
| Non-recourse factoring | 561,226 | 664,941 | 557,392 | 646,520 |
| Sundry debtors and advances for non-current assets | 653,539 | 680,265 | 479,822 | 469,911 |
| Cheques and other instruments to be encashed | 66,587 | 78,001 | 66,587 | 57,170 |
| Other financial assets | 55,973 | 98,771 | 49,512 | 58,024 |
| Impairment allowance for other financial assets | (121,773) | (145,937) | (68,356) | (76,555) |
| Total | 2,304,844 | 2,327,367 | 2,131,217 | 2,013,078 |

As at March 31, 2025, out of RON 2,304,844 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 2,327,367 thousand), the Group's other impaired financial assets amounted to RON 111,781 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 132,247 thousand).

As at March 31, 2025 out of RON 2,131,217 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 2,013,078 thousand), the Bank's other impaired financial assets amounted to RON 53,271 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 53,109 thousand).

23. Other non-financial assets

| | Group | | Bank | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| <i>In RON thousand</i> Inventories and similar assets Prepaid expenses | 31-03-2025 118,743 170,227 | 31-12-2024 154,960 174,416 | 31-03-2025 77,545 130,839 | 31-12-2024 69,569 136,579 |
| VAT and other taxes to be received | 6,298 | 3,224 | 5,223 | 1,496 |
| Other non-financial assets Impairment allowance for other non-financial assets | 96,982 (15,052) | 90,344 (17,700) | 45,838 (6,661) | 43,131 (6,661) |
| Total | 377,198 | 405,244 | 252,784 | 244,114 |

24. Deposits from banks

| | Grou | p | Ban | k |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Sight demand | 381,527 | 688,183 | 394,815 | 662,005 |
| Term deposits | 121,110 | 262,972 | 121,110 | 511,773 |
| Total | 502,637 | 951,155 | 515,925 | 1,173,778 |

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

25. Deposits from customers

| | Grou | ւթ | Ba | nk |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>In RON thousand</i> Current accounts | 31-03-2025 77,187,646 | 31-12-2024 80,616,609 | 31-03-2025 73,976,009 | 31-12-2024 73,448,427 |
| Sight demand | 1,206,208 | 1,490,483 | 1,270,045 | 1,045,586 |
| Term deposits | 85,765,953 | 84,417,244 | 83,652,283 | 75,233,217 |
| Collateral deposits | 1,275,244 | 1,344,930 | 1,222,863 | 1,058,024 |
| Total | 165,435,051 | 167,869,266 | 160,121,200 | 150,785,254 |
| | | | | |

Deposits from customers can be also analyzed as follows:

| | Gro | oup | Ba | nk |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>In RON thousand</i> Retail | 31-03-2025 108,270,579 | 31-12-2024 108,514,223 | 31-03-2025 104,253,078 | 31-12-2024 98,028,750 |
| Companies | 57,164,472 | 59,355,043 | 55,868,122 | 52,756,504 |
| Total | 165,435,051 | 167,869,266 | 160,121,200 | 150,785,254 |

26. Loans from banks and other financial institutions

| | Gro | up | Ban | ık |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Loans from government entities | 26,772 | 27,703 | - | - |
| Loans from commercial banks | 592,618 | 686,506 | - | - |
| - Romanian banks | 592,618 | 686,506 | - | - |
| - Foreign banks | - | - | - | - |
| Loans from development banks | 916,648 | 939,485 | 889,195 | 900,339 |
| Repurchase agreements (repo transactions) | 1,395,976 | 201,226 | 1,395,976 | 162,529 |
| Other funds from financial institutions | 139,115 | 144,069 | 2,357 | 2,531 |
| Issued bonds | 10,423,760 | 10,238,727 | 10,328,232 | 10,144,092 |
| Total | 13,494,889 | 12,237,716 | 12,615,760 | 11,209,491 |

The covenants stipulated in the loan agreements signed with the creditors were met by the Group and the Bank at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

The table below summarizes the underlying securities of repo agreements

| In RON thousand | Group | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | 31-03-20 Carrying a | 31-12-20 Carrying ai | • | |
| Financial assets measured at fair value | Transferred assets | Related liabilities | Transferred assets | Related liabilities |
| through other items of comprehensive income | 1,358,595 | 1,325,000 | 162,603 | 162,529 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 70,954 | 70,976 | 38,872 | 38,697 |
| Total | 1,429,549 | 1,395,976 | 201,475 | 201,226 |
| In RON thousand | | Ban | ık | |
| | 31-03-2025 31-12-202 Carrying amount Carrying amo | | | • |
| | Transferred assets | Related liabilities | Transferred assets | Related liabilities |
| Financial assets measured at fair value through other items of comprehensive | | | | |
| income | 1,358,595 | 1,325,000 | 162,603 | 162,529 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 70,954 | 70,976 | - | - |
| Total | 1,429,549 | 1,395,976 | 162,603 | 162,529 |

The explanatory notes to the financial statements from page 11 to page 56 are an integral part of these financial 44 statements.

27. Subordinated liabilities

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the covenants stipulated in the loan agreements signed with the creditors were met by the Bank and the Group.

| | Gro | up | Baı | nk |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <i>In RON thousand</i> Loans from development banks and financial | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| institutions | 125,166 | 122,959 | - | - |
| Non-convertible bonds | 2,454,247 | 2,407,576 | 2,451,805 | 2,405,137 |
| Total | 2,579,413 | 2,530,535 | 2,451,805 | 2,405,137 |

28. Provisions for other risks and loan commitments

The following items are included under Provisions for other risks and loan commitments:

| | Gro | up | Bar | ık |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Provisions for loan commitments, financial | | | | |
| guarantees and other commitments given | 383,211 | 416,485 | 358,124 | 346,802 |
| Provisions for employee benefits as compensated | | | | |
| absences | 63,303 | 49,521 | 53,042 | 29,094 |
| Provisions for other employee benefits | 180,745 | 232,768 | 121,835 | 78,523 |
| Provisions for litigation, other risks and charges (*) | 129,343 | 128,664 | 121,923 | 45,693 |
| Total | 756,602 | 827,438 | 654,924 | 500,112 |

(*) Provisions for other risks and charges primarily include provisions for litigation and other risks taken after the merger with Volksbank Romania S.A., Bancpost S.A., and OTP Bank S.A.,

29. Other financial liabilities

| | Gro | up | Ban | k |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Amounts under settlement | 3,701,838 | 3,159,476 | 3,066,100 | 2,238,406 |
| Sundry creditors | 584,293 | 483,664 | 395,335 | 263,358 |
| Dividends payable | 34,948 | 35,090 | 34,910 | 35,052 |
| Other financial liabilities | 59,498 | 89,480 | 39,980 | 46,075 |
| Total | 4,380,577 | 3,767,710 | 3,536,325 | 2,582,891 |

30. Other non-financial liabilities

| L. DON the second | Group | | Bank | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Other taxes payable | 160,459 | 191,980 | 133,985 | 144,639 |
| Other non-financial liabilities | 138,968 | 120,993 | 104,625 | 76,024 |
| Total | 299,427 | 312,973 | 238,610 | 220,663 |

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

31. Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share was based on the net consolidated profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company of RON 857,760 thousand (2024: RON 1,051,941 thousand) and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year of 1,088,298,653 (2024 recalculated: 1,089,314,854 shares).

The diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

| | Group | |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 31-03-2025 | 31-03-2024 |
| Ordinary shares issued as at 1 January | 916,879,846 | 798,658,233 |
| The impact of shares issued as of 1 January | 173,442,379 | 118,221,613 |
| The impact of the shares repurchased during the year | (2,023,572) | (1,007,371) |
| The impact of the shares obtained from bonds conversion The retroactive adjustment of the weighted average number of outstanding | - | - |
| shares as at March 31, 2024 | - | 173,442,379 |
| Weighted average number of shares | 1,088,298,653 | 1,089,314,854 |
| The number of shares that may be issued upon the conversion of bonds into shares | | |
| Weighted average number of diluted shares | 1,088,298,653 | 1,089,314,854 |
| | | |

32. Capital management

The Bank's Board of Directors approves the conceptual design of the internal process for the assessment of the capital adequacy to risks, at least the scope, methodology and general objectives, and establishes the strategy regarding the planning of the capital, own funds and the capital adequacy to risks in Banca Transilvania S.A..

The Board of Directors makes decisions regarding the directions to be followed within the capital adequacy process, establishes the main projects in the field to be implemented, as well as the main objectives to be met for the best control of the correlation of the risks to which the Bank is exposed and the necessary shareholders' equity required to cover them and the development of sound risk management systems.

The National Bank of Romania monitors capital requirements both at the Group and at the Bank level.

Capital adequacy is determined according to the Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council and requires a minimum mandatory own funds level of:

- 4.5 % for core tier 1 own funds;
- 6.0 % for tier 1 own funds;
- 8.0 % for total own funds.

Likewise, pursuant to the regulated approaches for the determination of the minimum capital requirements and the EU Regulation 575/2013 corroborated with the provisions of the NBR Regulation 5/2013 and considering the capital buffers required by the NBR, the Group and the Bank maintain:

- a capital conservation buffer of 2.5% of the total value of the risk-weighted exposures between January 1, 2025 March 31, 2025;
- an O-SII buffer of 2% of the total risk weighted exposures;
- a systemic risk buffer of 0% of the total value of the risk-weighted exposures for the period July 1, 2022 March 31, 2025;
- the anticyclical capital buffer specific to the institution of 1% of the value of the risk-weighted valid starting from October 2023.

32. Capital management (continued)

Own funds adequacy

The Group and the Bank use the following calculation methods in order to determine own fund requirements:

- Credit risk: standardized method;
- Market risk: capital requirements with respect to the foreign exchange risk and the trading portfolio are calculated based on the standard method;
- Operational risk: own fund requirements for the coverage of operational risk are calculated according to the base method.

The Group and the Bank comply with the above regulations, the level of the capital adequacy ratio exceeding the minimum mandatory requirements imposed by the law.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group and the Bank complied with all the capital adequacy requirements. Under the current capital requirements set by the European Banking Authority, banks have to maintain a ratio of regulatory capital to risk weighted assets ("statutory capital ratio") above a prescribed minimum level. The amount of capital that the Group managed was RON 17,915,681 thousand as of March 31, 2025 (December 31, 2024: RON 18,809,175 thousand), regulatory capital amounts to RON 12,129,427 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 11,861,816 thousand) and the Group and the Bank have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements for period ended March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

According to the applicable legal requirements on regulatory capital, the Group's and the Bank's own funds include:

- Tier I, which includes subscribed and paid in capital, share premiums, eligible reserves, retained earnings and deductions laid down in the applicable legal provisions;
- Tier II own funds, which include subordinated loans and deductions laid down in the applicable legal provisions.

The Group manages its capital base in a flexible manner, by monitoring regulatory capital requirements, by anticipating the adequate adjustments required for the achievement of its objectives as well as by optimizing the structure of assets and shareholders' equity.

The planning and monitoring activity takes into consideration the total own funds, on the one hand and the requirements of own funds, on the other hand.

The level and the requirements of own funds as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

| | Gro | up | Bai | nk |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Tier 1 own funds | 15,835,536 | 16,707,830 | 13,727,933 | 14,413,233 |
| Tier 2 own funds | 2,080,145 | 2,101,345 | 1,954,979 | 1,978,386 |
| Total own funds | 17,915,681 | 18,809,175 | 15,682,912 | 16,391,619 |

The capital adequacy ratio (CAR) is calculated as a ratio between own funds and total risk-weighted assets:

| | Gro | up | Ba | nk |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| In % | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Core tier one ratio | 17.62 | 19.02 | 17.30 | 20.83 |
| Tier 1 ratio | 17.62 | 19.02 | 17.30 | 20.83 |
| CAR | 19.94 | 21.41 | 19.76 | 23.69 |

Note: The calculation of the Group's and the Bank's own funds considers the statutory profit of the Group, respectively of the Bank for the financial period ended on December 31, 2024. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025, the current profit was not considered in the calculation of own funds. Regulatory capital as at December 31, 2024 was calculated according to the IFRS standards endorsed by the European Union. Regulatory capital as at March 31, 2025 was calculated according with the new requirements set out in the legislative framework of the CRR3 reform package.

32. Capital management (continued)

In May 2024, the European Parliament and the Council adopted Regulation (EU) 2024/1623 amending Regulation (EU) no. 575/2013 as regards requirements for credit risk, credit adjustment risk, operational risk and market risk (hereinafter referred to as CRR3) and Directive (EU) 2024/1619 amending Directive 2013/36/EU as regards supervisory powers, sanctions, third-country branches and environmental, social and governance risks. The above-mentioned Regulation and Directive reflect the implementation of the final Basel III reform package in the EU.

CRR3 has entered into force on January 1, 2025, applicable for prudential reporting related to the reference date March 31, 2025, while CRD6 is to be transposed into national law by January 2026 (i.e. 18 months after entry into force on July 9, 2024).

Thus, starting from March 31, 2025, prudential reporting is prepared in accordance with the new requirements provided by the legislative framework of the CRR3 reform package. Regarding the impact of these changes on the main capital adequacy indicators, it is observed that they remain at levels above the minimum regulated requirements, without recording a significant impact from the implementation of the new rules.

33. Credit risk management

Concentrations of credit risk that arise from financial instruments exist for groups of counterparties when they have similar economic characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. The major concentrations of credit risk arise by individual counterparty and by type of customer in relation to the Group's and the Bank's loans and advances, loan commitments, finance lease and guarantees issued. The table below presents the concentration by class of the on-balance sheet exposures related to the Group's and the Bank's loan and leasing portfolio:

| | Group | | Bank | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| RON thousand | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 |
| Corporate and public institutions | 39,735,249 | 39,410,671 | 45,244,725 | 40,584,047 |
| Small and medium enterprises Consumer loans and card loans granted to retail | 13,879,193 | 13,400,981 | 13,323,240 | 11,695,683 |
| customers | 16,947,192 | 16,522,596 | 16,265,558 | 14,520,308 |
| Mortgage loans Loans and finance lease receivables granted by non- | 24,538,716 | 24,083,037 | 23,970,571 | 19,303,938 |
| banking financial institutions | 8,566,074 | 8,472,986 | - | - |
| Other | 95,674 | 85,559 | 87,283 | 78,423 |
| Total loans and advances to customers and financial lease receivables before impairment | | | | |
| allowance | 103,762,098 | 101,975,830 | 98,891,377 | 86,182,399 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans and financial lease receivables | (6,010,052) | (5,605,968) | (5,474,039) | (4,792,410) |
| Total loans and advances to customers and financial lease receivables net of impairment | | | | |
| allowance | 97,752,046 | 96,369,862 | 93,417,338 | 81,389,989 |

At March 31, 2025, the total irrevocable on-balance and off-balance sheet exposure was of RON 109,358,758 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 108,846,295 thousand) for the Group and RON 103,329,531 thousand (December 31, 2024: RON 89,925,528 thousand) for the Bank. The amounts presented above reflect the maximum accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the customers failed completely to perform their contractual obligations and if any collateral or security proved to be of no value. The Group and the Bank hold guarantees for loans and advances to customers in the form of pledge over cash deposits, mortgage over property, guarantees and other pledges over equipment and/or receivables. The estimates of fair value are based on the collateral value assessed at the date of lending, except when a loan is individually assessed subsequently. Collateral is generally not held over loans and advances to banks.

The explanatory notes to the financial statements from page 11 to page 56 are an integral part of these financial 48 statements.

33. Credit risk management (continued)

The Group and the Bank use risk grades for loans both individually and collectively assessed. According to the Group's and the Bank's policies, a loan can be assigned a corresponding risk grade based on a 6-level classification: very low risk, low risk, moderate risk, sensitive risk, high risk and the highest risk for non-performing loans (default).

The classification of loans into groups is mainly based on the client scoring systems of the Group and the Bank.

The exposures to credit risk for loans and advances to customers and financial lease receivables at Group consolidated level, as at March 31, 2025, are presented below:

| At amortized cost In RON thousand | Assets for which the credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition (Stage 1) | Assets for which the credit risk has significantly increased since the initial recognition, but which are not impaired (Stage 2) | Assets impaired at the reporting date (Stage 3) | Assets impaired on initial recognition (POCI) | Total 2025 |
|--|---|--|---|---|-------------|
| Corporate and government institutions | 33,664,456 | 4,963,227 | 921,502 | 186,064 | 39,735,249 |
| Small and medium enterprises Consumer loans and card loans granted to | 10,399,578 | 2,645,560 | 751,422 | 82,633 | 13,879,193 |
| retail customers | 13,110,360 | 2,796,556 | 916,204 | 124,072 | 16,947,192 |
| Mortgage loans Loans and finance lease receivables granted | 21,304,339 | 2,912,466 | 206,935 | 114,976 | 24,538,716 |
| to non-banking financial institutions | 6,281,010 | 1,566,513 | 615,477 | 103,074 | 8,566,074 |
| Other | 663 | 73,583 | 21,308 | 120 | 95,674 |
| Total loans and advances to customers and financial lease receivables before impairment allowance | 84,760,406 | 14,957,905 | 3,432,848 | 610,939 | 103,762,098 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans and financial lease receivables Total loans and advances to customers | (1,550,927) | (2,158,441) | (2,213,447) | (87,237) | (6,010,052) |
| and financial lease receivables net of impairment allowance | 83,209,479 | 12,799,464 | 1,219,401 | 523,702 | 97,752,046 |

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

33. Credit risk management (continued)

The exposures to credit risk for loans and advances to customers and financial lease receivables at Group consolidated level, as at December 31, 2024, are presented below:

| At amortized cost <i>In RON thousand</i> Corporate and public institutions Small and medium enterprises Consumer loans and card loans granted to retail customers | Assets for which the credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition (Stage 1) 34,168,153 10,223,433 12,848,451 | Assets for which the credit risk has significantly increased since the initial recognition, but which are not impaired (Stage 2) 4,386,972 2,376,096 2,657,086 | Assets impaired at the reporting date (Stage 3) 663,450 712,965 884,381 | Assets impaired on initial recognition (POCI) 192,096 88,487 132,678 | Total 2024 39,410,671 13,400,981 16,522,596 |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Mortgage loans | 21,053,574 | 2,718,801 | 189,748 | 120,914 | 24,083,037 |
| Loans and finance lease receivables granted to non-banking financial institutions Other Total loans and advances to customers | 6,152,668 23 | 1,599,722 65,385 | 603,852 20,062 | 116,744 89 | 8,472,986 85,559 |
| and financial lease receivables before impairment allowance | 84,446,302 | 13,804,062 | 3,074,458 | 651,008 | 101,975,830 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans and advances to customers, financial lease receivables Total loans and advances to customers | (1,550,102) | (2,029,087) | (1,959,456) | (67,323) | (5,605,968) |
| and financial lease receivables net of impairment allowance | 82,896,200 | 11,774,975 | 1,115,002 | 583,685 | 96,369,862 |

33. Credit risk management (continued)

The exposures to credit risk for loans and advances to customers at Bank level, as at March 31, 2025, are presented below:

| At amortized cost | Assets for which the credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial | Assets for which the credit risk has significantly increased since the initial recognition, but which are | Assets impaired at the reporting | Assets impaired on initial recognition | Tetel acce |
|--|---|--|--|--|--------------------|
| In RON thousand | recognition (Stage 1) | not impaired (Stage 2) | date (Stage 3) | (POCI) | Total 2025 |
| Corporate and government institutions | 39,263,063 | 4,905,362 | 890,236 | 186,064 | 45,244,725 |
| Small and medium enterprises | 9,916,404 | 2,591,619 | 733,118 | 82,099 | 13,323,240 |
| Consumer loans and card loans granted to | | | | | |
| retail customers | 12,479,741 | 2,777,686 | 883,708 | 124,423 | 16,265,558 |
| Mortgage loans | 20,749,741 | 2,905,297 | 200,557 | 114,976 | 23,970,571 |
| Other | 663 | 65,252 | 21,249 | 119 | 87,283 |
| Total loans and advances to customers | | | | | |
| before impairment allowance | 82,409,612 | 13,245,216 | 2,728,868 | 507,681 | 98,891,3 77 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans | (1,528,810) | (2,028,213) | (1,855,122) | (61,894) | (5,474,039) |
| Total loans and advances to customers net of impairment allowance | 80,880,802 | 11,217,003 | 873,746 | 445,787 | 93,417,338 |

The exposures to credit risk for loans and advances to customers at Bank level, as at December 31, 2024, are presented below:

| At amortized cost <i>In RON thousand</i> Corporate and public institutions | Assets for which the credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition (Stage 1) 35,904,623 | Assets for which the credit risk has significantly increased since the initial recognition, but which are not impaired (Stage 2) 4,053,479 | Assets impaired at the reporting date (Stage 3) 562,583 | Assets impaired on initial recognition (POCI) 63,362 | Total 2024 40,584,047 |
|---|---|---|--|--|--------------------------|
| Small and medium enterprises | 8,828,433 | 2,230,604 | 622,735 | 13,911 | 11,695,683 |
| Consumer loans and card loans granted to retail | -))100 | , 0-,1 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 0/7 |) =)0) = =0 |
| customers | 11,038,655 | 2,582,650 | 833,561 | 65,442 | 14,520,308 |
| Mortgage loans | 16,505,280 | 2,612,333 | 158,561 | 27,764 | 19,303,938 |
| Other | 23 | 58,310 | 20,004 | 86 | 78,423 |
| Total loans and advances to customers and | | | | | |
| financial lease receivables before impairment | | | | | |
| allowance | 72,277,014 | 11,537,376 | 2,197,444 | 170,565 | 86,182,399 |
| Allowances for impairment losses on loans and advances to customers, financial lease receivables Total loans and advances to customers and | (1,420,521) | (1,818,407) | (1,526,282) | (27,200) | (4,792,410) |
| financial lease receivables net of impairment allowance | 70,856,493 | 9,718,969 | 671,162 | 143,365 | 81,389,989 |

33. Credit risk management (continued)

Synthetic securitisation activity related to the loan portfolio

Banca Transilvania (the Bank) concluded on December 22, 2023 a non-STS synthetic securitisation transaction with the European Investment Fund (EIF) and the European Investment Bank (EIB), effectiv from March 31, 2024. The synthetic securitization transaction is structured on a portfolio of loans granted to legal entities, initial securitisation in amount of RON 2,027.5 million.

During the transaction, the Bank retains at least 5% of the exposure of each loan included in the securitization portfolio.

The credit risk of the mezzanine and senior tranches is transferred to the EIF, while the credit risk of the junior tranche, representing 1.6% from initial portfolio, is assumed by the Bank.

EIF - as Guarantor, issued an irrevocable and unconditional Financial Guarantee in favour of Banca Transilvania S.A. (the Beneficiary) to guarantee the coverage of the loss related to each reference obligation, should such loss be allocated to the mezzanine and senior tranche, initial total amount of RON 1,995.1 million which represents 98.4% of securitised portfolio, after exceeding the losses retained by the Bank related to junior tranche and synthetic excess spread (cumulatively 2.8% of the total volume of the initial portfolio).

The financial guarantee is treated separately and does not result in any changes to the financial characteristics of the loan, representing a distinct mechanism for covering credit risk. As a result, it does not impact the calculation of expected credit losses.

The scheduled maturity date of the guarantee is December 31, 2039.

The EIF guarantee is counter-guaranteed by the EIB through a back-to-back hedge arrangement.

The Bank's objective is to support the real economy by transferring the benefits of more efficient use of the Bank's capital to the end-customer, in the form of a lower cost of loan. To this end, Banca Transilvania S.A. has concluded with the EIB a Mezzanine and a Senior Retrocession Agreement and Commitment Agreement for increased support for SMEs and Midcaps, to supply new lending of more than RON 2.64 billion, including also projects aligned with climate action and environmental sustainability, thus supporting the transition to a low-carbon economy.

The below stated amounts represent the securitized portfolio as of March 31, 2025:

| RON million | Date of contract | End of maturity | Portfolio type | Maximum amount of securitized portfolio | Securitized portfolio (Nb. Loans) | Outstanding amount |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|---|-----------------------|
| EIF synthetic securitization | 2023 | 2039 | SME & CO | 2,027.5 | 15,677 | 2,017.59 |
| Senior tranche | | | | 1,670.67 | | 1,662.36 |
| Mezzanine tranche | | | | 324.40 | | 322.79 |
| Junior tranche | | | | 32.44 | | 32.44 |

At the end of the financial year, the losses were fully allocated to the excess synthetic spread. According to the contract, the Bank will be able to benefit from reimbursements in the future for the losses associated with the defaulted reference obligations, but this benefit will only become realizable after the complete allocation of the losses to the excess synthetic spread and junior tranche.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

33. Credit risk management (continued)

In accordance with the definition of a contingent asset, the bank considers that, although there is a possibility that an economic resource may be received in the future under the terms of the financial guarantee contract and the losses to be reimbursed, the realization of this asset remains uncertain. It depends on the allocation of losses to the excess synthetic spread and junior tranche.

The bank has not recognized this asset in the financial statements as of March 31, 2025, given the uncertainty regarding the timing and conditions under which the reimbursement will take place. The asset will be recognized only when there is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be made.

34. Business combinations

a) Acquisition of BCR Chisinau S.A.

On January 15, 2024, Victoriabank S.A. acquired 100% of the share package in BCR Chisinau S.A.. The Victoriabank S.A. subsidiary is controlled by Banca Transilvania S.A., therefore, starting from this date, Banca Transilvania S.A. also holds control in BCR Chisinau S.A..

This acquisition enables the Group to significantly strengthen its existing market position in the Republic of Moldova.

In the period of 12 months until December 31, 2024 BCR Chisinau S.A. contributed with a gain of RON 3.7 million to the Group's results. For simplification purposes the gain considered to the group results include also the period from January 1 untill January 15, 2024.

Total contribution of BCR Chisinau S.A. to the profit of the Group since the aquistion until the reporting date is presented below:

| | In RON thousand |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Net interest income | 27,317 |
| Net fee and commission income | 1,440 |
| Operating income | 10,079 |
| Operating expenses | (34,251) |
| Income tax expense (-) | (874) |
| Total | 3,711 |

The consideration transferred

The fair value of the transferred consideration is RON 57,145 thousand and was paid in cash on the acquisition date. No capital instruments were issued as part of the acquisition of BCR Chisinau S.A..

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The table below summarizes the amounts recognized at the acquisition date in respect of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed for BCR Chisinau S.A.:

| RON thousand | Accounting Value | Adjustments | Fair Value |
|--|------------------|-------------|------------|
| Cash, cash equivalents and bank deposits | 274,281 | 2,691 | 276,972 |
| Loans and advances granted to customers, out of which: | 297,895 | (940) | 296,955 |
| Gross book value | 308,327 | (11,372) | 296,955 |
| Expected credit loss | (10,432) | 10,432 | - |
| Tangible and intangible fixed assets, investment | | | |
| property and assets related to the right of use | 5,760 | 1,840 | 7,600 |
| Other assets | 179,840 | 4,403 | 184,243 |
| Deposits from customers | (513,467) | (1,686) | (515,153) |
| Loans from banks | (22,034) | - | (22,034) |
| Other debts | (40,002) | 1,408 | (38,594) |
| Total net assets acquired | 182,273 | 7,716 | 189,989 |

34. Business combinations (continued)

Fair value measurement

The following valuation techniques were used to determine the fair value of the acquired assets and assumed obligations:

- **Portfolio of loans and receivables from finance leases performing**: value adjustments have been made to reflect differences in interest rates (contract versus market) as well as lifetime expected credit losses from a participant's perspective over the market. The valuation methodology sought to quantify the possible differences between the interest rates in force and those existing on the market at the valuation date;
- The portfolio of loans and receivables from financial leasing contracts nonperforming: the fair value analysis of non-performing loans focused on the ECL estimation, whereby the amount of expected credit losses was estimated taking into account the potential recoveries from guarantees;
- Loans from banks and financial institutions: adjustments were made to reflect the difference between contractual and market interest rates;

Bargain gain

The gain from the acquisition of BCR Chisinau S.A. in amount of RON 132,844 thousand does not constitute a taxable transfer for the difference between the market price of the transferred assets and liabilities and their tax value.

The *Bargain gain* was determined as the difference between the consideration paid (in amount of RON 57,145 thousand) and the fair value of the assets and liabilities of BCR Chisinau S.A. on the date of taking control (in amount of RON 189,989 thousand). The amount is recognised in Statement of Profit or loss under the line "Bargain gain".

Costs related to the acquisition and integration of BCR Chisinau S.A.

The costs related to the acquisition are the costs incurred by the Group with the business combination. These costs include: costs of intermediation, advisory, legal, accounting, valuation and other professional or consulting services, as well as general administrative costs generated within the integration process. The costs related to the acquisition and integration of BCR Chisinau S.A amounted to RON 2,330 thousand, amounts that are included in the Profit or Loss Account under "Other operating expenses" and "Personnel expenses".

On March 01, 2025, Victoriabank S.A. completed its merger with BCR Chişinău S.A. The assets of the absorbed entity were transferred entirely and universally to Victoriabank S.A., thereby consolidating its position in the banking market of the Republic of Moldova.

b) Acquisition of OTP Group

On July 30, 2024, Banca Transilvania S.A. acquired 100% of the shares in OTP Bank Romania S.A.. According to the transaction, Banca Transilvania Financial Group also acquired the shares of other companies owned by OTP group in Romania, respectively OTP Leasing Romania IFN S.A., OTP Factoring SRL, OTP Advisors SRL, OTP Consulting Romania SRL, Rea Project One Company SRL and Govcka Project Company SRL.. Starting with October 2024, the Group has control in OTP Asset Management S.A.I S.A.. This acquisition enables the Group to significantly strengthen its existing market position in Romania.

In the period of 5 months until December 31, 2024, OTP group companies, except from OTP Asset Management SAI S.A., contributed with a profit of RON 55.65 million to the Group's results. In the period of 3 months until December 31, 2024 OTP Asset Management S.A.I S.A. contributed with a profit of RON 0.96 million to the Group's results. Total contribution of OTP Goup to the profit of the Group since the aquistion until the reporting date is presented below:

| | In RON thousand |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Net interest income | 484,365 |
| Net fee and commission income | 39,316 |
| Operating income | 67,304 |
| Operating expenses | (530,148) |
| Income tax expense (-) | (4,234) |
| Total | 56,603 |

The explanatory notes to the financial statements from page 11 to page 56 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

34. Business combinations (continued)

If the acquisition had taken place on January 1, 2024, the management estimates that the contribution of OTP Group to the consolidated profit would have been of RON 129.05 million.

This estimation is based on the assumption that preliminary fair value adjustments registered on the acquisition date would have been the same if the acquisition had taken place on January 1, 2024.

The consideration transferred

The fair value of the transferred consideration is RON 1,722,307 thousand and was paid in cash on the acquisition date. No capital instruments were issued as part of the acquisition of OTP Bank Romania S.A. or in case of the other OTP group companies.

The table below summarizes the amounts recognized at the acquisition date in respect of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed for the purchased entities from OTP Group:

| In RON thousand | Accounting Value | Adjustments | Fair Value |
|--|------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Cash, cash equivalents and bank deposits | 4,516,338 | - | 4,516,338 |
| Investment portfolio at amortised cost | 1,399,836 | (105,788) | 1,294,048 |
| Loans and advances granted to customers, out of | | | |
| which: | 12,230,139 | (59,960) | 12,170,179 |
| - Gross book value | 12,979,154 | (808,975) | 12,170,179 |
| Expected credit loss | (749,013) | 749,013 | - |
| Finance lease receivables, out of which: | 856,541 | (9,513) | 847,028 |
| - Gross book value | 900,942 | (53,913) | 847,029 |
| - Expected credit loss | (44,401) | 44,401 | - |
| Tangible and intangible fixed assets, investment | | | |
| property and assets related to the right of use | 263,658 | (29,874) | 233,784 |
| Other assets | 311,827 | 14,191 | 326,018 |
| Deposits from banks | (281,392) | - | (281,392) |
| Deposits from customers | (12,965,531) | (1,079) | (12,966,610) |
| Borrowings | (3,294,831) | - | (3,294,831) |
| Other debts | (458,799) | 19,365 | (439,434) |
| Total net assets acquired | 2,577,786 | (172,658) | 2,405,128 |

Fair value measurement

The following valuation techniques were used to determine the fair value of the acquired assets and assumed obligations:

- **Portfolio of loans and receivables from finance leases performing**: value adjustments have been made to reflect differences in interest rates (contract versus market) as well as lifetime expected credit losses from a participant's perspective over the market. The valuation methodology sought to quantify the possible differences between the interest rates in force and those existing on the market at the valuation date;
- The portfolio of loans and receivables from financial leasing contracts nonperforming: the fair value analysis of non-performing loans focused on the ECL estimation, whereby the amount of expected credit losses was estimated taking into account the potential recoveries from guarantees;
- Assets related to the right of use: the fair value was estimated by applying specific valuation methods taking into account the type of asset and the available information and the Management Decision related to the future benefits that the respective assets will bring;
- **Investment portfolio:** adjustments were made to reflect the difference between contractual and market interest rates;
- **Lease liabilities:** in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 16, the fair value of the lease liabilities was determined as the present value of the remaining lease payments.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

34. Business combinations (continued)

Bargain gain

The gain from the acquisition of OTP Bank Romania S.A. and the other OTP group companies in amount of RON 682,821 thousand does not constitute a taxable transfer for the difference between the market price of the transferred assets and liabilities and their tax value. The *Bargain gain* was determined as the difference between the consideration paid (in amount of RON 1,722,307 thousand) and the part of the fair value of the assets and liabilities of OTP group companies on the date of taking control (in amount of RON 2,405,128 thousand). The amount is recognised in Statement of Profit or loss under the line "Bargain gain".

Costs related to the acquisition and integration of OTP Group

The costs related to the acquisition are the costs incurred by the Group with the business combination. These costs include: costs of intermediation, advisory, legal, accounting, valuation and other professional or consulting services, as well as general administrative costs generated within the integration process.

The costs related to the acquisition and integration of OTP Group amounted to RON 158,695 thousand, amounts that are included in the Profit or Loss Account under "Other operating expenses" and "Personnel expenses". The integration costs for the period 2025 – 2026 are estimated to reach the amount of 68,600 thousand.

The Group acquired through Fondul Imobiliar de Investitii Alternative BT Property, 100% of the shares in BTP Store Hub Turda S.R.L. in May 2024, 100% of the shares in BTP Store Hub Oradea S.R.L. in October 2024 and 100% of the shares in Inter Terra S.R.L. in December 2024 and it has no material impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

On February 28, 2025, Banca Transilvania S.A. completed its merger with OTP Bank Romania S.A. and BT Building S.R.L. The assets of the two absorbed entities were transferred entirely and universally to Banca Transilvania S.A., thereby consolidating its position in the banking market.

35. Events subsequent to the date of the interim consolidated and separate statement of financial position

Following the receipt of the approval of the Financial Supervisory Authority on April 28, 2025, BT Pensii Societate de Administrare a Fondurilor de Pensii Facultative S.A. took control of the Fondul de Pensii Facultative BRD Medio from BRD Societate de Administrare a Fondurilor de Pensii Private S.A.

On April 11, 2025 the agreement for the acquisition of Microinvest Moldova by Victoriabank S.A. was signed.

The interim condensed consolidated and separate financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on May 14, 2025 and were signed on behalf of the Board.

Ömer TETIK Chief Executive Officer George CĂLINESCU Deputy Chief Executive Officer - CFO